

# **Commitment to a Cure**

**Corporate Presentation** 

May 2024

NASDAQ: CLLS EURONEXT GROWTH: ALCLS.PA

### **Forward-Looking Statements**

This presentation contains "forward-looking" statements within the meaning of applicable securities laws, including the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements may be identified by words such as "designed to", "anticipate," "expected," "on track," "plan," "scheduled," "should", and "will," "would", or the negative of these and similar expressions.

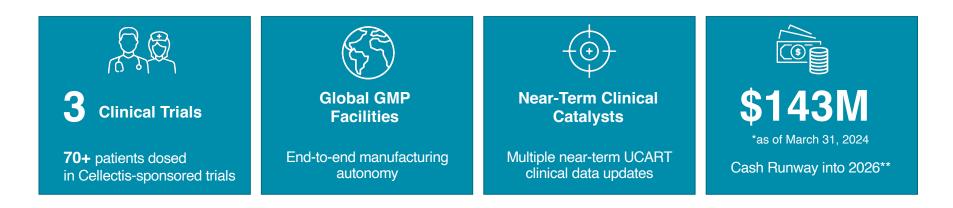
These forward-looking statements, which are based on our management's current expectations and assumptions and on information currently available to management, including information provided or otherwise publicly reported by our partners. Forward-looking statements licensed about advancement, timing and progress of clinical trials (including with respect to patient enrollment and follow-up), the timing of our presentation of data and submission of regulatory filings, the adequacy of our supply of clinical vials, the operational capabilities at our manufacturing facilities, the sufficiency of cash to fund operations, the potential benefit of our product candidates and technologies, the potential payments for which Cellectis is eligible under the agreements signed between Cellectis and each of its partners, including AstraZeneca, Servier, Allogene and Iovance and the financial position of Cellectis.

These forward-looking statements are made in light of information currently available to us and are subject to numerous risks and uncertainties, including with respect to the numerous risks associated with biopharmaceutical product candidate development.

With respect to our cash runway, our operating plans, including product development plans, may change as a result of various factors, including factors currently unknown to us. Furthermore, many other important factors, including those described in our Annual Report on Form 20-F and the financial report (including the management report) for the year ended December 31, 2023 and subsequent filings Cellectis makes with the Securities Exchange Commission from time to time, as well as other known and unknown risks and uncertainties may adversely affect such forward-looking statements and cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Except as required by law, we assume no obligation to update these forward-looking statements publicly, or to update the reasons why actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in the forward-looking statements, even if new information becomes available in the future.



# **Cellectis at a Glance**



### **Diversified Partnerships with Industry Leaders**



~220 patients dosed to date

- Revenues > \$6B in milestones + royalties
- 5 clinical trials sponsored by Cellectis' licensed partners





\* Cash position includes cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and fixed-term deposits classified as current -financial assets. Restricted cash was \$5 million as of December 31, 2023. Fixed-term deposits classified as current-financial assets was \$15 million as of March 31, 2024.

\*\* Cash runway includes the additional investment by AstraZeneca of \$140 million, completed on May 3, 2024.

# **A Highly-Experienced Executive Committee**



André Choulika, Ph.D. Founder & CEO



Steven Doares, Ph.D. SVP, US Manufacturing & Site Head



Phillippe Duchateau, Ph.D. Chief Scientific Officer



Mark Frattini, M.D., Ph.D. Chief Medical Officer



Kyung Nam-Wortman EVP, Chief Human Resources Officer



Stephan Reynier Chief Regulatory & Pharmaceutical Compliance Officer



David Sourdive, Ph.D. EVP CMC & Manufacturing & Co-Founder



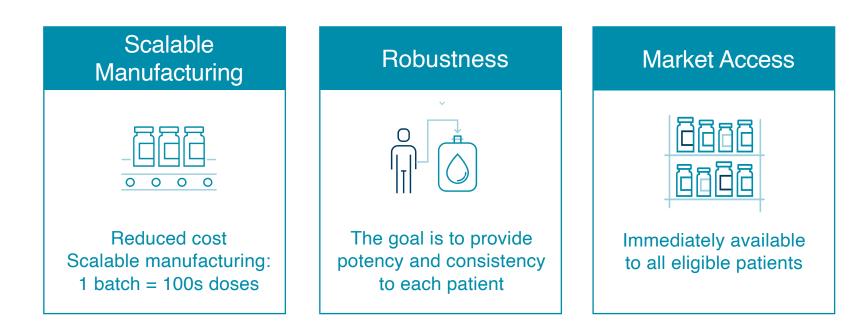
Arthur Stril Interim Chief Financial Officer



Marie-Bleuenn Terrier General Counsel

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# Control Production, Minimize Costs and Improve Patient Safety



# Strategic Partnership with AstraZeneca



### Cell & Gene Therapy R&D Collaboration



- Develop up to **10** novel products in **oncology**, **immunology and rare diseases**
- \$25M upfront
- Milestones from \$70M to \$220M per product with tiered royalties
- AstraZeneca to cover Cellectis' research costs

### **Investment Agreements**



• **\$220M equity investment** (subscribed for 16 million ordinary shares and 28 million convertible preferred shares at \$5.00 per share)

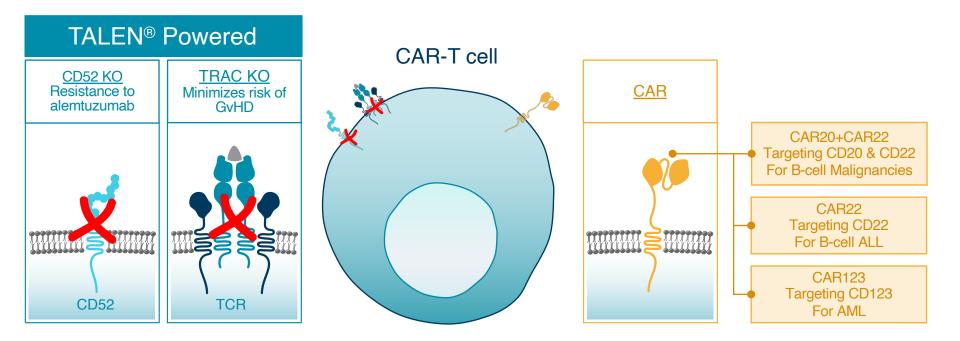


Note: AstraZeneca has nominated two directors to the board of directors of Cellectis. Further, certain business decisions are subject to AstraZeneca's approval. For more information on the agreements signed with AstraZeneca, please refer to the Annual Report filed on Form 20-F and the management report for the year ended December 31, 2023

# **Experts in Gene-Editing Use TALEN®**

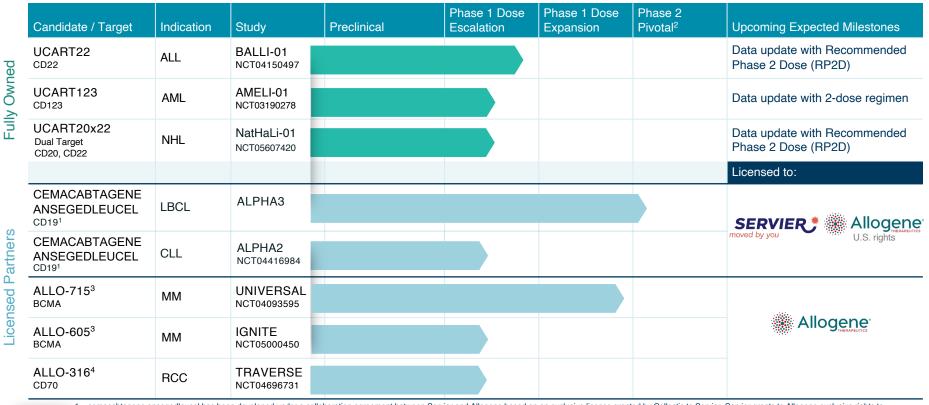


### **Cellectis' UCART Candidate Platform**





# **Differentiated Targets & Near-Term Catalysts**



1 cemacabtagene ansegedleucel has been developed under a collaboration agreement between Servier and Allogene based on an exclusive license granted by Cellectis to Servier. Servier grants to Allogene exclusive rights to cemacabtagene ansegedleucel in the U.S. The ALPHA3 and ALPHA2 studies target Large B-Cell Lymphoma (LBCL) and Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia (CLL), respectively.



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4 ALLO-316 utilizes TALEN® gene-editing technology pioneered and owned by Cellectis. Allogene has an exclusive license to the Cellectis technology for allogeneic products directed at the CD70 target. Allogene holds global development and commercial rights for this investigational candidate.

ALL Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia: AML Acute Myeloid Leukemia: NHL Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma: BCC Benal Cell Carcinoma

# Cellectis' UCART Platform



# **BALLI-01 Study Design**

### Key inclusion criteria:

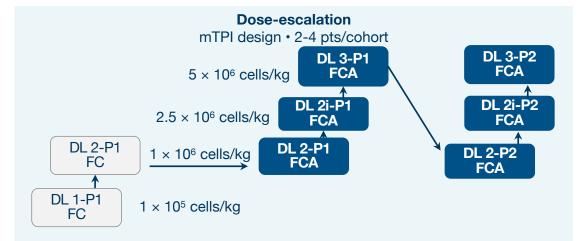
- Age 15–70 years, adequate organ function, ECOG PS ≤1
- B-ALL blast CD22 expression ≥70%
- Received ≥1 standard chemotherapy regimen and 1 salvage regimen

### **Primary objective:**

• Safety, tolerability, & MTD of UCART22

### Additional objectives:

- Investigator-assessed response
- UCART22 expansion in PB and BM
- Immune reconstitution



### LD regimens:

- + FC: fludarabine 30 mg/m<sup>2</sup> × 4d + cyclophosphamide 1 g/m<sup>2</sup> × 3d
- + FCA: fludarabine  $30 \text{ mg/m}^2 \times 3d + \text{cyclophosphamide } 0.5 \text{ g/m}^2 \times 3d + \text{alemtuzumab } 20 \text{ mg/d} \times 3d$



### P1 cells manufactured by external CDMO. P2 cells manufactured by Cellectis.

B-ALL, B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia; BM, bone marrow; DL, dose level; d, days; ECOG PS, Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group performance status; FC, fludarabine + cyclophosphamide; FCA, FC + alemtuzumab; LD, lymphodepletion; MTD, maximum tolerated dose; mTPI, modified Toxicity Probability Interval; PB, peripheral blood; pts, patients.

# **UCART22-P1 Administration Shows Promising Tolerable Safety Profile**

### **Patient Characteristics (N=19)**

### Median age: 28 (17-61)

### **WHO classification:**

- B-ALL with recurrent genetic abnormalities: 8 (42%);
- CRFL2 rearrangement: 4 (21%)

### Median prior lines of therapy: 4 (2-8)

- Prior blinatumomab: 12 (63%)
- Prior inotuzumab: 10 (53%)
- Prior CD19 CART: 8 (42%)
- Prior HSCT: 8 (42%)

### Safety: FCA Cohorts (N=13)

- 0 Dose limiting toxicity
- ICANS (immune effector cell associated neurotoxicity)
- Severe UCART22-related TEAEs (treatment emergent adverse events)
- 11 Patients with mild to moderate CRS (cytokine release syndrome), Grade 1/2
  - 0 Grade 3 or higher CRS
- 1 Patient with Grade 2 GvHD; skin only\*

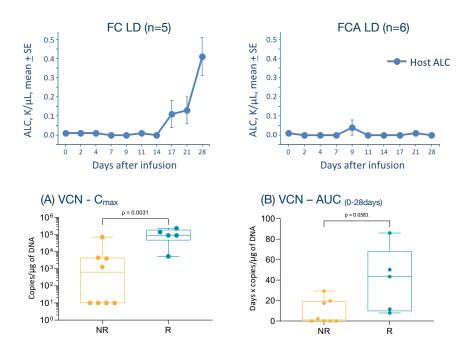


\*not confirmed by biopsy; in context of re-activation of prior allogeneic bone marrow donor stem cells

Data Source: ASH 2021 Conference Presentation, Cellectis' Live Webcast on 13th December 2022 and EHA 2023

CAR: chimeric antigen receptor; CRFL2: Cytokine Receptor-Like Factor 2; FCA: Fludarabine, Cyclophosphamide, Alemtuzumab; ICANS: Immune effector Cell-Associated Neurotoxicity Syndrome; TEAE: Treatment Emergent Adverse Event; CRS: Cytokine Release Syndrome; GvHD: Graft versus Host Disease ; HSCT: Hematopoietic Stem Cell Transplantation, B-ALL: B-cell Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia

# Promising Clinical Responses with UCART22-P1 and FCA Lymphodepletion



UCART22 vector copy number (VCN) guantified by gPCR from whole blood. Thirteen (13) patients from the FCA cohorts were grouped in responders [R] or not responders [NR]. (A) UCART22 maximum concentration (Cmax) of VCN detected (B) UCART22 VCN area under the curve (AUC) over time (from day 0 through day 28. calculated by linear trapezoidal method by GraphPad. Non-parametric t-test was used to calculate the p values using GraphPad.

- Host lymphocytes remained suppressed using FCA lymphodepletion
- 2/7 patients in DL2 and DL2i achieved blast reductions to < 5% by day 28 using FCA lymphodepletion
  - 1 patient in DL2: MRD negative CRi
  - 1 patient in DL2i: MLFS
- 50% ORR observed in DL3 (3/6 patients)\* with FCA lymphodepletion
  - 1 patient MRD negative CR
  - 1 patient MRD negative CRi
  - 1 patient MRD negative MLFS

\*All 3 of the DL3 responders failed multiple lines of prior therapy including multi-agent chemotherapy, CD19 directed autologous CAR T cell therapy, and allogeneic stem cell transplant. Additionally, 1 of the 3 also failed prior blinatumomab and inotuzumab, and the remaining 2 failed venetoclax based salvage regimens.



Data Source: ASH 2021 Conference Presentation, Cellectis' Live Webcast on 13th December 2022 and EHA 2023

FC: Fludarabine + Cyclophosphamide; FCA: Fludarabine + Cyclophosphamide + Alemtuzumab;

LD: Lymphodepletion; DL2: Dose Level 2; DL2i: Intermediate Dose Level 2; DL3: Dose Level 3; MRD: Minimal Residual Disease; CR: Complete Response; CRi: Complete Response with Incomplete Hematologic Recovery; MLFS: Morphologic Leukemia-Free State; ORR: Objective Response Rate; VCN: Vector Copy Number; AUC: Area Under Curve

13

# 3 patients were enrolled into the first UCART22-P2 cohort at DL2

### Patient 1



17-year-old female with Ph-negative B-ALL with a hypodiploid karyotype and a germline *TP53* mutation

Prior therapies included multiagent chemotherapy, blinatumomab, inotuzumab, venetoclax, allogeneic stem cell transplantation, and autologous CD19 CAR T-cell therapy (tisagenlecleucel) x 2 infusions

### Patient 2

68-year-old female with Ph-negative B-ALL

Relapsed with CD19-low disease after multiagent chemotherapy, blinatumomab, and inotuzumab

# Patient 3

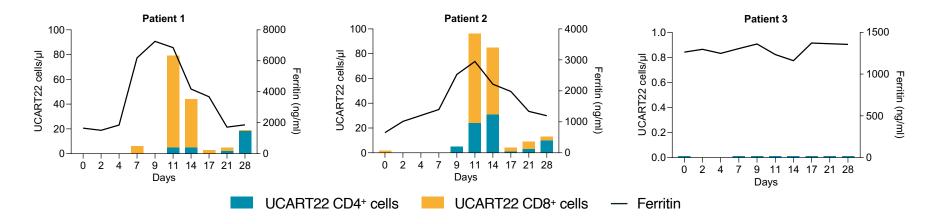


27-year-old male with B-ALL with an ABL2 fusion

Prior therapies included multiagent chemotherapy, blinatumomab, inotuzumab, tyrosine kinase inhibitors, and an experimental autologous CAR19



# **UCART22-P2 Expansion Correlates with Changes in Ferritin Levels**



UCART22-P2 expansion was observed by flow cytometry in the peripheral blood in patient 1 and 2, both at D11, with predominantly CD8 cells expanding, with peaks of:

- ~80 cells/µL in patient 1
- ~100 cells/µL in patient 2
- No UCART22-P2 expansion in patient 3, and ferritin levels mostly unchanged during the 28 days following UCART22-P2 administration



# Summary of UCART22-P2 Patients Treated at DL2

### Safety

- No dose-limiting toxicities (DLT)
- · No immune effector cell-associated neurotoxicity syndrome (ICANS)
- No GvHD
- CRS in 2/3 (67%) patients with one G1 that resolved without treatment and one G2 that resolved after tocilizumab x1
- Patient 1 had a G5 sepsis SAE at D40 considered related to UCART22-P2 and FCA LD

### Efficacy

- Responses were assessed beginning on D28
- 2/3 patients (67%) treated at DL2 with UCART22-P2 responded:
  - Patient 1 had 40% BM blasts at screening and achieved an MRD negative MLFS (by flow cytometry and clonoSEQ at 10<sup>-4</sup>) up to D40
  - Patient 2 had 80% BM blasts at screening and achieved an MRD negative CR (by clonoSEQ at 10<sup>-4</sup>) lasting over 84 days after UCART22 infusion
  - $\circ~$  Patient 3 had 84% BM blasts at screening and was refractory to treatment



# NatHaLi-01 Study Design

### Key inclusion criteria:

- Age 18-80 years
- Mature B-cell NHL except CLL/SLL, Richter's from CLL/SLL, Burkitt's lymphoma, or Waldenstrom's macroglobulinemia
- Tumor positive for CD20 and/or CD22
- Received ≥2 prior lines including CD19 CART if eligible

### **Primary objective:**

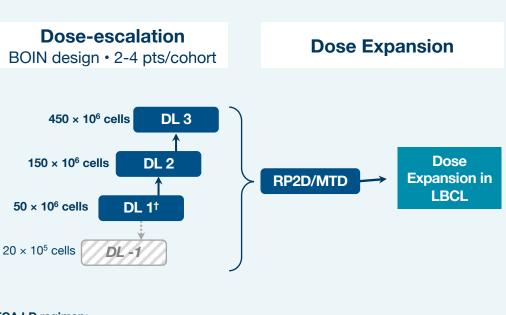
 Safety, tolerability, & MTD/RP2D of UCART20x22

### Additional objectives:

- Investigator-assessed response by Lugano
- UCART20x22 expansion in PB

+Enrollment is ongoing.

Immune reconstitution



### FCA LD regimen:

- Fludarabine 30 mg/m<sup>2</sup> × 3d
- Cyclophosphamide 0.5 g/m<sup>2</sup> × 3d
- Alemtuzumab 60 mg total over 3 days



BOIN: Bayesian optimal interval; CART: chimeric antigen receptor T-cell therapy; CLL/SLL: chronic lymphocytic leukemia / small lymphocytic lymphoma, DL: dose level; d: days; FCA: fludarabine + cyclophosphamide + alemtuzumab; LBCL: large B-cell lymphoma, LD: lymphodepletion; MTD: maximum tolerated dose; NHL: Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma; PB: peripheral blood; pts: patients; RP2D: recommended phase 2 dose

# **Baseline Characteristics**

### As of 28 July 2023, 3 patients received LD and were treated with UCART20x22 at Dose Level 1 ( $50 \times 10^6$ cells)

	Pt 1	Pt 2	Pt 3
Age	76	65	18
Sex	Female	Female	Female
NHL Subtype	DLBCL	Transformed FL	Transformed MZL
Genetic/Molecular	Double expressor (BCL2, MYC)	Triple-hit	NOTCH1, PLCG2, CCND3, XBP1
Antigen Present	CD20+/CD22 unknown	CD20+/CD22 unknown	CD20-/CD22+
Stage at Screening	IV	IV	IV
Number of Prior Therapies	2	4	8
Prior CD19 CART	None	Lisocabtagene maraleucel x2	Axicabtagene ciloleucel
ECOG	0	0	1
Baseline Deauville Score	4	5	5
Disease Status at Screening	Relapsed	Relapsed	Refractory



CART: chimeric antigen receptor T-cell therapy; DLBCL: diffuse large B-cell lymphoma; ECOG PS: Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group performance status; FL: follicular lymphoma; LD: lymphodepletion; MZL: marginal zone lymphoma

- No UCART20x22-related DLTs
- No ICANS or GVHD was observed
- One CLLS52-related DLT of bone marrow aplasia after Day 42 thought to be due to cumulative chemotherapy exposure in a patient with baseline Grade 1/2 cytopenias and bone marrow hypocellularity at screening
- All patients experienced Grade 1 or 2 CRS that resolved with treatment

   Pt 1 had Grade 1 CRS for 4 days and was treated with tocilizumab x3 and
   dexamethasone x1
  - Pt 2 had Grade 2 CRS for 2 days and Grade 1 CRS for 3 days managed with tocilizumab x3 and dexamethasone x1
  - Pt 3 had Grade 1 CRS for 8 days and received tocilizumab x1



# UCART20x22 Treatment Response

As of July 28, 2023, 3 patients were treated at dose level 1 (50  $\times$  10<sup>6</sup> cells) and were evaluable for response:

### Patient 1



76-year-old female with double-expressor DLBCL relapsed after R-CHOP, radiation therapy, and polatuzumab vedotin with bendamustine/rituximab who achieved a **partial metabolic response** at Day 28

### Patient 2

65-year-old female with triple-hit transformed follicular lymphoma previously treated with radiation therapy, bendamustine/rituximab, doseadjusted R-EPOCH, and <u>two</u> <u>lisocabtagene maraleucel</u> infusions who achieved a <u>complete metabolic response</u> at Day 28

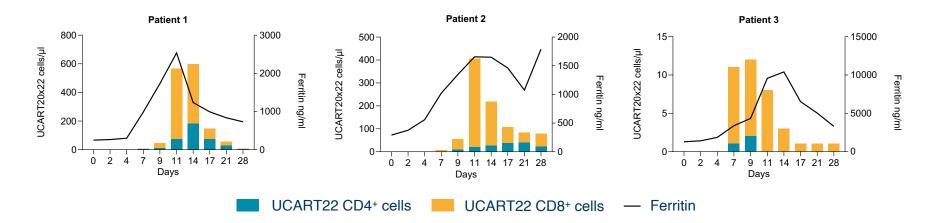
# Patient 3



18-year-old female with relapsed/refractory transformed marginal zone lymphoma who previously failed chemoimmunotherapy, venetoclax, ibrutinib, bendamustine/rituximab, axicabtagene ciloleucel, obinutuzumab, glofitamab, tafasitamab/lenalidomide, and an experimental epigenetic modifier who achieved a <u>complete</u> metabolic response at Day 28



# Robust Expansion of UCART20x22 Cells in Peripheral Blood Correlates with an Increase in Serum Ferritin Levels

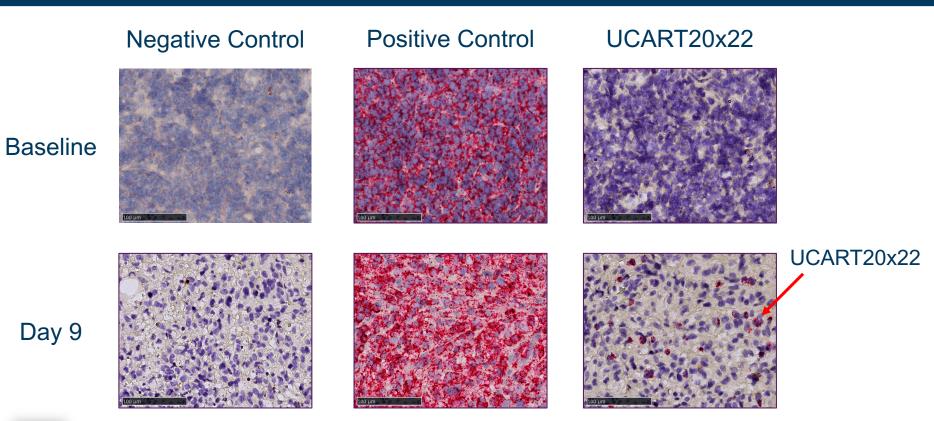


UCART20x22 expansion was observed by flow cytometry in the peripheral blood in all patients, with predominantly CD8+ cells expanding, with peaks of:

- ~600 cells/µL in Patient 1 at Day 14
- ~400 cells/µL in Patient 2 at Day 11
- ~12 cells/ µL in Patient 3 at Day 9



# UCART20x22 Cells Detected in Day 9 Post-Treatment Biopsy for Patient 3





UCART20x22 cells were measured by RNAscope using a probe set specific for the UCART22 targeted sequence, at 20X magnification. No staining was observed with the negative control DapB (Bacillus subtilis strain SMY, a soil bacterium) in situ hybridization (ISH), strong staining with positive control UBC (ubiquitin C) ISH (red), UCART20x22 cells are detected by UCART22 ISH (Red), and hematoxylin counterstain (blue) nuclear staining.

# UCART123 – AMELI-01 Trial Design

Phase I, Open Label Dose-escalation and Dose-expansion Study to Evaluate the Safety, Expansion, Persistence and Clinical Activity of UCART123 in Patients with Relapsed or Refractory Acute Myeloid Leukemia

### **Key Eligibility Criteria**

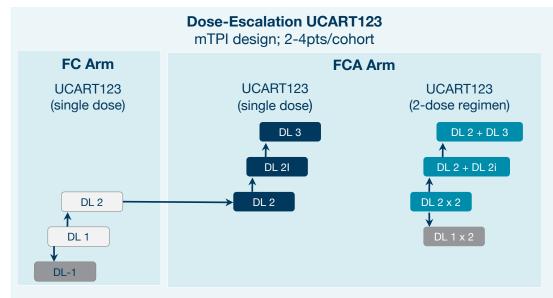
- Relapsed or primary refractory AML (>5% bone marrow blasts)
- Blasts expressing CD123
- ECOG PS of ≤1 and adequate organ function

### **Primary Objective**

 Safety, tolerability, & MTD/RP2D of UCART123

### **Additional Objectives**

- Investigator-assessed response
- UCART123 expansion, trafficking, persistence in PB and BM
- Immune reconstitution



### DL-1 1.25x10<sup>5</sup> cells/kg DL1 2.5x10<sup>5</sup> cells/kg

### DL2 6.25x10<sup>5</sup> cells/kg

### DL2i 1.5x10<sup>6</sup> cells/kg DL3 3.30x10<sup>6</sup> cells/kg

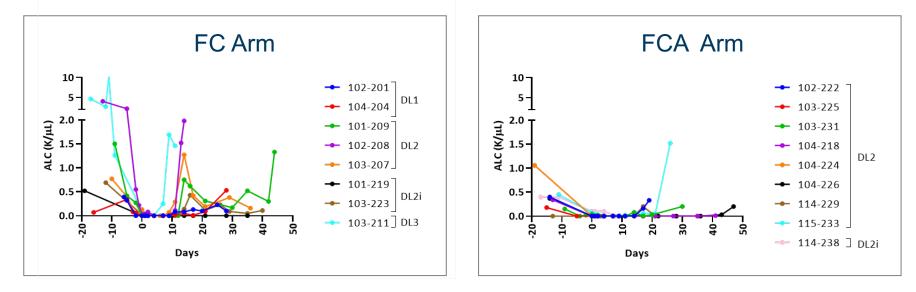
- LD regimens:
- **FC:** Fludarabine 30 mg/m<sup>2</sup>x 4d + Cyclophosphamide 750 mg/m<sup>2</sup> x 3d
- FCA: Fludarabine 30 mg/m<sup>2</sup>x 4d + Cyclophosphamide 750 mg/m<sup>2</sup> x 3d + Alemtuzumab 12 mg/day x 4d



### Data Source: ASH 2022 Conference Presentation NCT04106076

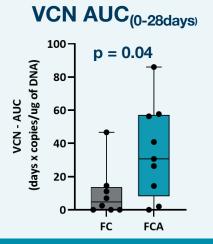
ECOG PS, Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group performance status ; MTD, Maximum Tolerated Dose; RP2D, Recommended Phase 2 Dose; DL, Dose Level; PS, Performance Status; mTPI, modified Toxicity Probability Interval; LD, Lymphodepletion; AML: Acute Myeloid Leukemia; DL1: Dose Level 1; DL2i: Intermediate Dose Level 2; ; FC: Fludarabine and Cyclophosphamide; FCA: Fludarabine, Cyclophosphamide and Alemtuzumab; pts: patients; PB: Peripheral Blood; BM: Bone Marrow







# Anti-Leukemic Activity and Robust CAR T-Cell Expansion Observed using FCA Lymphodepletion



Addition of alemtuzumab resulted in increased UCART123 expansion

**2 responses observed in FC arm** Patient 101-219 (DL2i): SD Patient 103-223 (DL2i): MLFS

### 2 responses observed in FCA arm

Patient 114-229 (DL2): SD

Achieved greater than 90% BM blast reduction (60% to 5%) at Day 28

Patient 104-226 (DL2): MRD negative CR

 Achieved CRi at Day 28 followed by MRD negative CR at Day 56 that remained durable for over 1 year



Data Source: ASH 2022 Conference Presentation

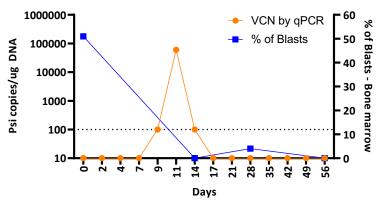
FC: Fludarabine + Cyclophosphamide; FCA: Fludarabine + Cyclophosphamide + Alemtuzumab; AUC: Area Under Curve; DL2: Dose Level 2; DL2i: Dose Level 2 Intermediate; BM: Bone Marrow; MRD: Minimal Residual Disease; CR: Complete Response; CRi: Complete Response with Incomplete Count Recovery; MLFS: Morphologic Leukemia-Free; SD: Stable Disease; VCN: Vector Copy Number

# Patient 104-226 Achieved a Durable MRD Negative Complete Response at Day 56 that Was Maintained for Over One Year

Clinical Characteristics	
Age, Race, Sex	64-year-old white female
ECOG PS	1
ELN 2017 Classification; WHO Classification	Adverse risk; AML with myelodysplasia-related changes
Cytogenetic and Molecular Abnormalities	45,XX,-7,t(10;12)(q24;p13)[5]; IDH1, EZH2
Number of prior treatments	5 - including allogeneic HSCT 2016
Past Medical History	MDS, 2011; Focal nodular hyperplasia of the liver, 2016

Response Summary	BM Biopsy Blast %	BM Aspirate Blast %	MRD	ELN Response
Screening Day -14	51%	Not done		
Day 14	0%	Not done		
Day 28	3.8%	4%	Pos 0.6%	CRi
Day 56	2.8%	0%	Neg	CR
Day 84	0%	0%	Neg	CR
FU 1, Day 181	2%	0%	Neg	CR
FU 2, Day 270	1%	0%	Neg	CR
FU 3, Day 365	0%	0%	Neg	CR

Tumor burden vs VCN in Patient 104-226



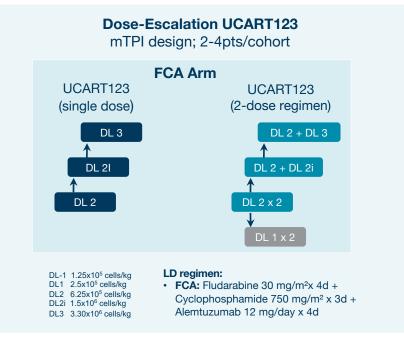


Data Source: ASH 2022 Conference Presentation

MDS myelodysplastic syndrome; HSCT Hemopoietic stem cell transplant; MRD minimal residual disease; BM: Bone Marrow; AML: Acute Myeloblastic Leukemia; ELN: European LeukemiaNet; ECOG PS: Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group Performance Status; VCN: Vector Copy Number

- UCART123 expansion correlates with reduction in tumor burden at DL2 (6.25 x 10<sup>5</sup> cells/kg) but at this dose, UCART123 cell function is not sufficient for sustained anti-leukemic activity in all patients
- A second dose would then be given to allow for additional UCART123 expansion and clinical activity after 10-14 days without the use of additional lymphodepletion
- The second peak of expansion in the setting of reduced disease burden is expected to be safe and should allow for clearance of residual disease
- AMELI-01 study began enrolling patients in the FCA 2-dose regimen arm at DL2, a dose that has already been administered and cleared for safety as a single dose, and incorporate the use of prophylactic tocilizumab prior to UCART123 cell dosing

### AMELI-01 Amended Protocol with Two-Dose Regimen Design





Data Source: ASH 2022 Conference Presentation

DL1: Dose Level 1; DL2i: Intermediate Dose Level 2; DL2: Dose Level 2; FC: Fludarabine and Cyclophosphamide; FCA: Fludarabine, Cyclophosphamide and Alemtuzumab; pts: patients; mTPI: modified Toxicity Probability Interval

# **UCART Platform Takeaways from ~290 Patients\***

GvHD	TRAC KO results in safe, non-alloreactive UCART cells		
Expansion	CD52 KO + alemtuzumab use in LD has the potential to provide a safe, effective & controllable therapeutic window		
Persistence	Encouraging clinical activity in ALL, AML, and NHL		
Safety	Profile on par with approved autologous CAR T therapies		
Efficacy	Anti-tumor activity consistent with autologous products		
<ul> <li>* Includes fully owned and partnered assets</li> <li>NHL: Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma; ALL: Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia; AML: Acute Myeloid Leukemia; GvHD: Graft Versus Host Disease; KO: Knock-Out;</li> <li>LD: Lymphodepletion; TRAC: T-cell receptor alpha constant</li> </ul>			

# **Discover, Create, Develop, Produce and Test**



# New York, New York Innovation, Clinical Development 25,000 sq ft. facility Gene Editing platform – TALEN® I/O discovery platform Gene therapy discovery platform Clinical development

Paris, France

HQ, PD/AD, Starting Materials

### 55,000 sq ft. facility

- Process & analytical development
- Raw materials manufacturing
- ✓ QC labs
- Warehouse
- Cryogenic Storage rooms



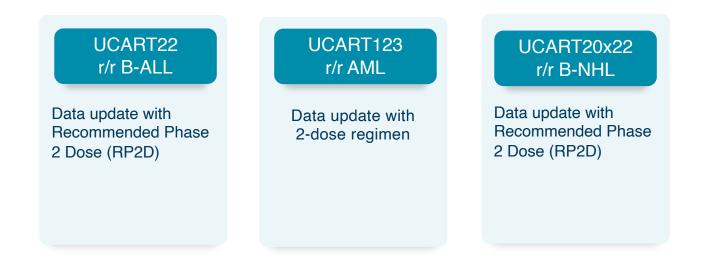
UCART – Clinical & potential for Commercial

# 82,000 sq ft. facility

- Cell therapy GMP manufacturing
- QC labs
- ✓ Warehouse
- ✓ Cryogenic Storage rooms



# **Expected Milestones in 2024**



Partnerships

Updates from licensed partners (AstraZeneca, Servier, Allogene, Iovance, Primera)



ALL, acute lymphoblastic leukemia; AML, acute myeloid leukemia; NHL, non-Hodgkin lymphoma; r/r, relapsed/refractory.

# Key Takeaways – Why Cellectis?

Innovative Al CAR T	logeneic Breaking F	Paradigms with Life-Saving Therapies
End-to-End I Manufacturin	()wning Ma	anufacturing is Owning the Product
Best-In-Class Editing Platfo	5	to be Safe, Precise & Efficient, Backed by
Strong Partn	erships Anticipated	d Milestones, Diversified Financial Upsides

# **Thank You**

# Reach us at: investors@cellectis.com

### **Cellectis Paris**

8, rue de la Croix Jarry 75013 Paris – France



### **Cellectis New York**

430 East 29th Street New York, NY, 10016 – USA



### **Cellectis Raleigh**

2500 Sumner Boulevard Raleigh, NC, 27616 – USA

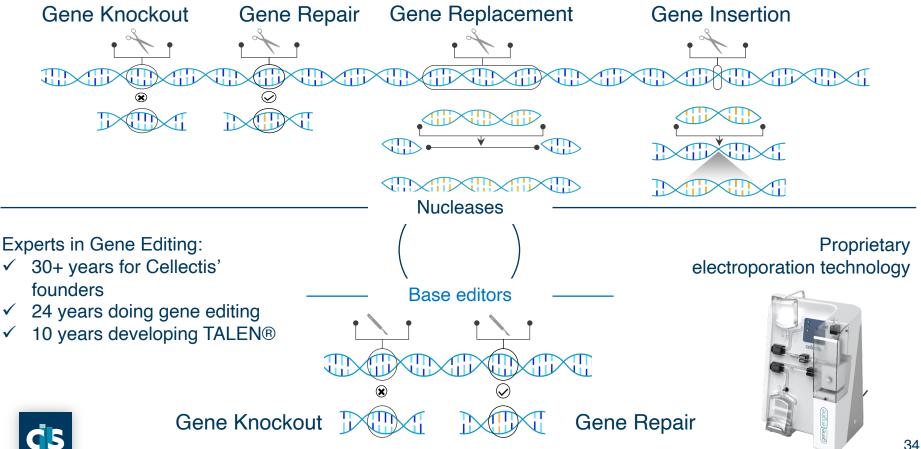




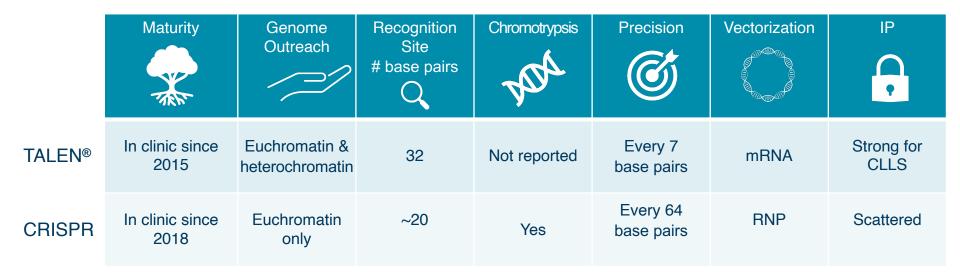
# Appendix



# **Powerful and Comprehensive Gene Editing Platform**



# Why TALEN®?





# **Diversified Partnerships with Industry Leaders**

SERVIER moved by you			<b>DIOTHERAPEUTICS</b>		AstraZeneca
CAR-T CD19		CAR-T BCMA, CD70 + 13 targets	TILs	Mitochondrial DNA editing	Cell and gene therapies
Exclusive worldwide license to CD19- directed allogeneic CAR T-cells	U.S. rights sublicensed to Allogene by Servier <sup>1</sup>	Exclusive worldwide license to 15 allogeneic CAR T-cell targets <sup>1</sup>	Research collaboration and exclusive worldwide license agreement to develop gene-edited TILs	Collaboration agreement to develop mtDNA gene editing for mitochondrial diseases + option for exclusive worldwide license agreement on up to 5 product candidates	Joint Research and Collaboration agreement to develop up to 10 novel products in oncology, immunology and rare diseases and investment agreement
Up to \$410M in Development & Sales Milestones + Low Double-Digit Royalties on Sales		Up to \$2.8B in Development & Sales Milestones + High Single-Digit Royalties on Sales	Undisclosed Financials	19% equity upfront Option for up to \$750M in Development & Sales Milestones + High Single-Digit Royalties on Sales	\$25M upfront. Milestones from \$70M to \$220M per product and tiered royalties. \$220M equity investment.
2014	2015	2014	2020	2022	2023



1 Initially granted to Pfizer, Inc. In 2018, Pfizer and Allogene Therapeutics, Inc. entered into an asset contribution agreement pursuant to which Allogene purchased Pfizer's portfolio of assets related to allogeneic CAR T-cell therapy, including the CD19 US rights sublicensed by Servier, and the exclusive worldwide license to 15 allogeneic CAR-T targets.

TIL: Tumor-Infiltrating Lymphocyte; iPSC: Induced Pluripotent Stem Cells; NK: Natural Killer