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Preliminary results of **UCART19**, an **allogeneic anti-CD19 CAR T-cell product**, in a first-in-human trial (CALM) in adult patients with CD19+ relapsed/refractory B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia

Reuben BENJAMIN, MD, PhD, Principal Investigator

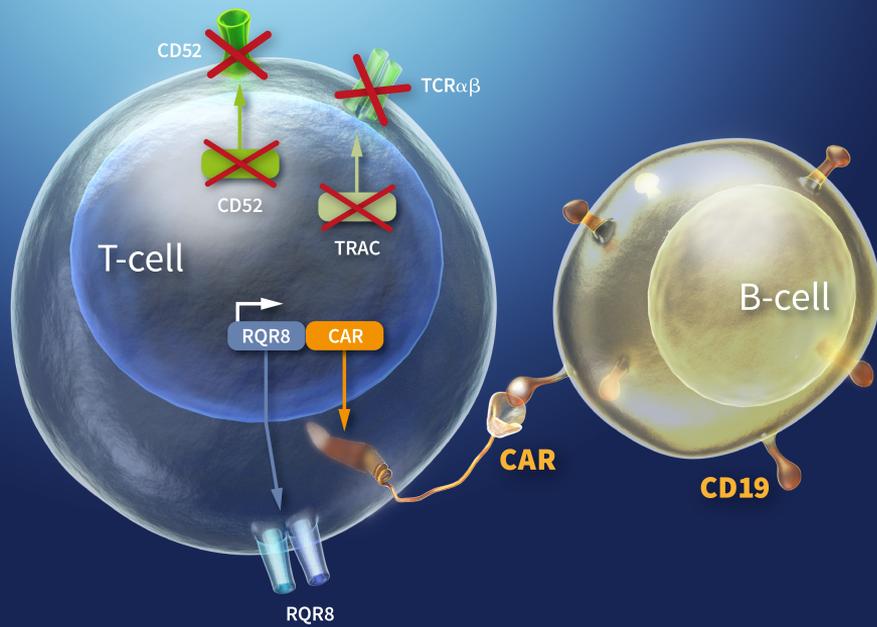
Charlotte Graham, Deborah Yallop, Agnieszka Jozwik, Piers Patten, Alan Dunlop, Rose Ellard, Orla Stewart, Victoria Potter, Victoria Metaxa, Shireen Kassam, Farzin Farzaneh, Stephen Devereux, Antonio Pagliuca, Amina Zinaï, Florence Binlich, Sandra Dupouy, Anne Philippe, Svetlana Balandraud, Cyril Konto, Premal Patel, Ghulam Mufti, Reuben Benjamin

Adult B-acute lymphoblastic leukemia (B-ALL)

- B-ALL is incurable in ~60% of adult patients
- At relapse, prognosis is very poor (<10% overall survival)
- Standard therapy involves combination chemotherapy ± allogeneic SCT
- Emerging treatments include BiTEs, monoclonal antibodies and CAR T-cell therapies

UCART19 (CD19CAR/RQR8+_TCR $\alpha\beta$ -_T-cells)

Allogeneic, universal, adoptive T-cell therapy targeting CD19+ malignancies



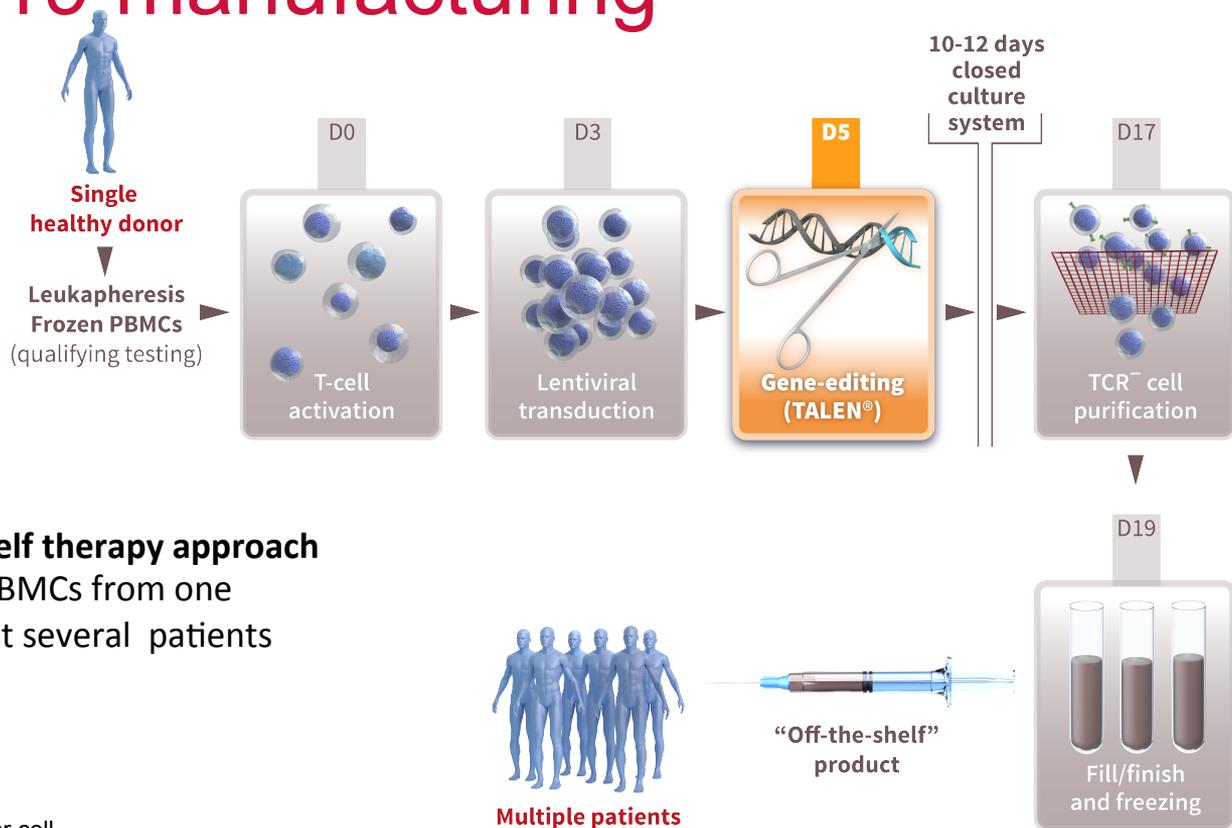
Transgene expression using lentiviral transduction

- **CAR:** anti-CD19 scFv and CD3 ζ + 4-1BB
- **RQR8** (= CD20 mimotope): safety switch

Gene knock-out using TALEN[®] technology

- **TRAC KO:** to prevent TCR mediated recognition of patient's HLA antigens
- **CD52 KO:** to permit alemtuzumab use in lymphodepletion

UCART19 manufacturing



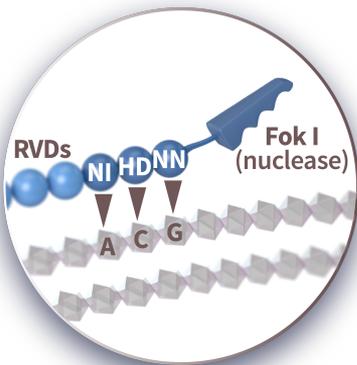
Ready-to-use, off-the-shelf therapy approach

- Advantage of using PBMCs from one healthy donor to treat several patients

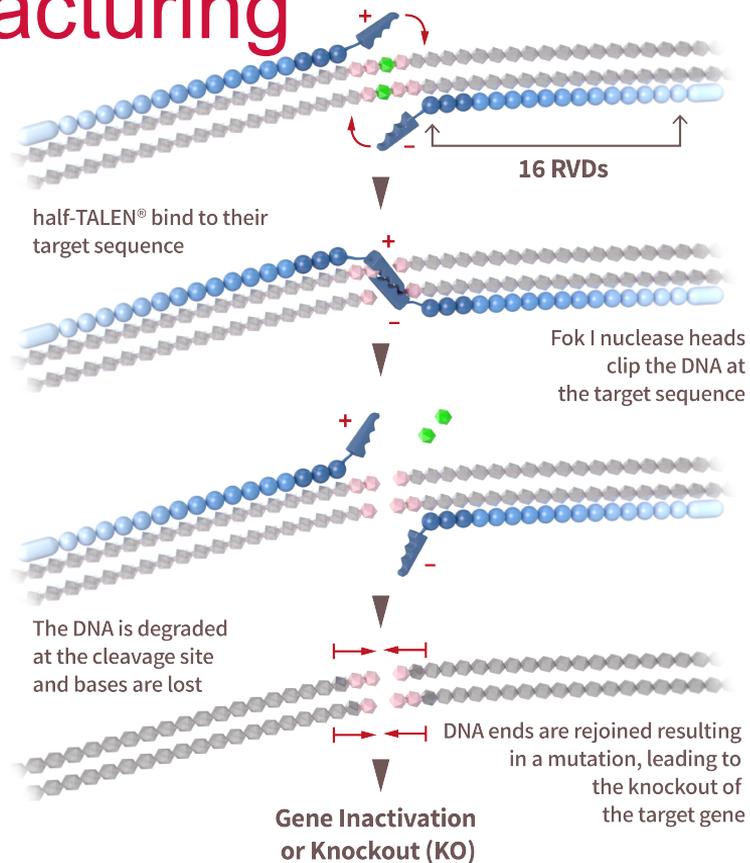
PBMC = peripheral blood mononuclear cell



UCART19 manufacturing



A custom TALEN[®] is created to target the precise gene sequence



TALEN[®] is a proprietary technology owned by **cellectis**

TALEN[®] = transcription activator-like effector nuclease

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CALM main study objectives

Primary objectives

- Evaluation of safety and tolerability of UCART19 at different doses
- Determination of the maximum tolerated dose (MTD)

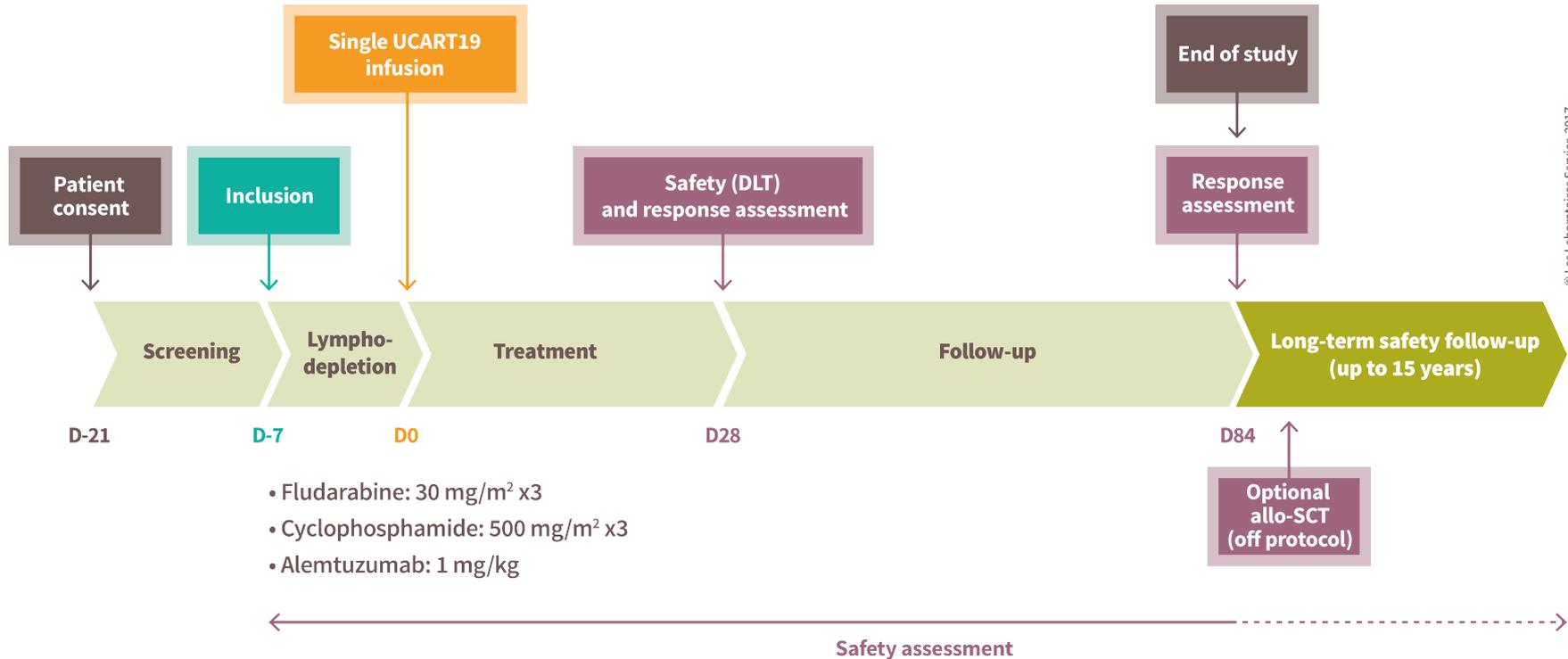
Secondary objective

- Assessment of anti-leukemic activity

Exploratory objective

- Expansion and persistence of UCART19

CALM study plan



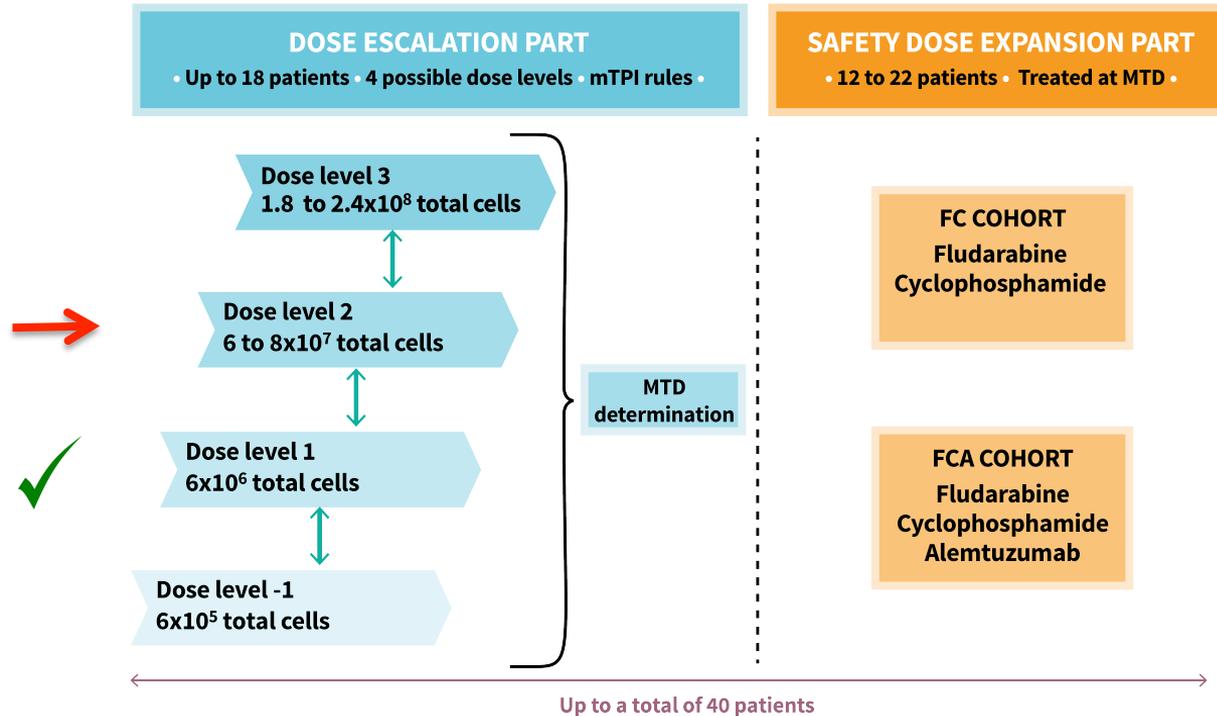
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DLT = dose-limiting toxicities SCT = stem cell transplant



CALM design

Phase I, open-label, non-comparative, dose-escalation study



mTPI = modified Toxicity Probability Interval



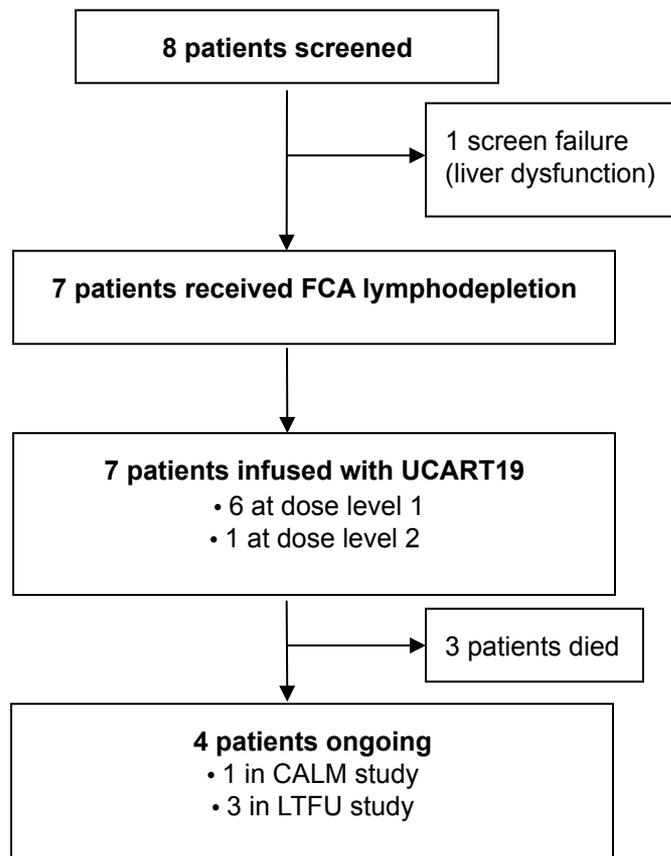
Key eligibility criteria

- Age ≥ 16 years old
- Patient with CD19⁺ R/R B-ALL
 - Morphological or MRD⁺ ($\geq 1 \times 10^{-3}$ by flow cytometry and/or qPCR)
 - Who have exhausted available treatment options
- No previous treatment with investigational gene or cell therapy products
- No clinically suspected extra-medullary involvement
- Adequate renal, hepatic, pulmonary and cardiac function
- No active infection
- No active CNS leukemia

MRD = minimal residual disease



CALM study status



CALM population

high-risk, heavily pretreated

Characteristic	N =7
Median age (range) - years	23 (18-49)
Disease at screening	
B-ALL relapsed/refractory	7
Number of prior treatment lines	
1 to 3	3
≥ 4	4
Previous allogeneic stem cell transplantation (SCT)	6
Time to relapse following previous SCT	
< 6 months	3
≥ 6 months	3
Median (range)	7.8 months (4.1-11)
Disease burden at inclusion (% of bone marrow blasts)	
< 5	3
5 to 25	2
> 25	2
Median (range)	8 % (0-90)

Main toxicities post-UCART19 infusion

N=7	Worst grade					All grade
	G1 n (%)	G2 n (%)	G3 n (%)	G4 n (%)	G5 n (%)	
Cytokine release syndrome	1 (14)	5 (71)	-	1 (14)	-	7 (100)
Neurotoxic events	2 (29)	-	-	-	-	2 (29)
Neutropenic sepsis	-	-	-	1(14)	1(14)	2 (29)
CMV infection	-	3 (43)	-	-	-	3 (43)
Adenovirus infection	2 (29)	-	-	-	-	2 (29)
Graft-versus-host disease*	1 (14)	-	-	-	-	1 (14)
Prolonged cytopenia	-	-	-	2 (29)	-	2 (29)

* Acute cutaneous GvHD

n: number of patients with at least one event by worst grade

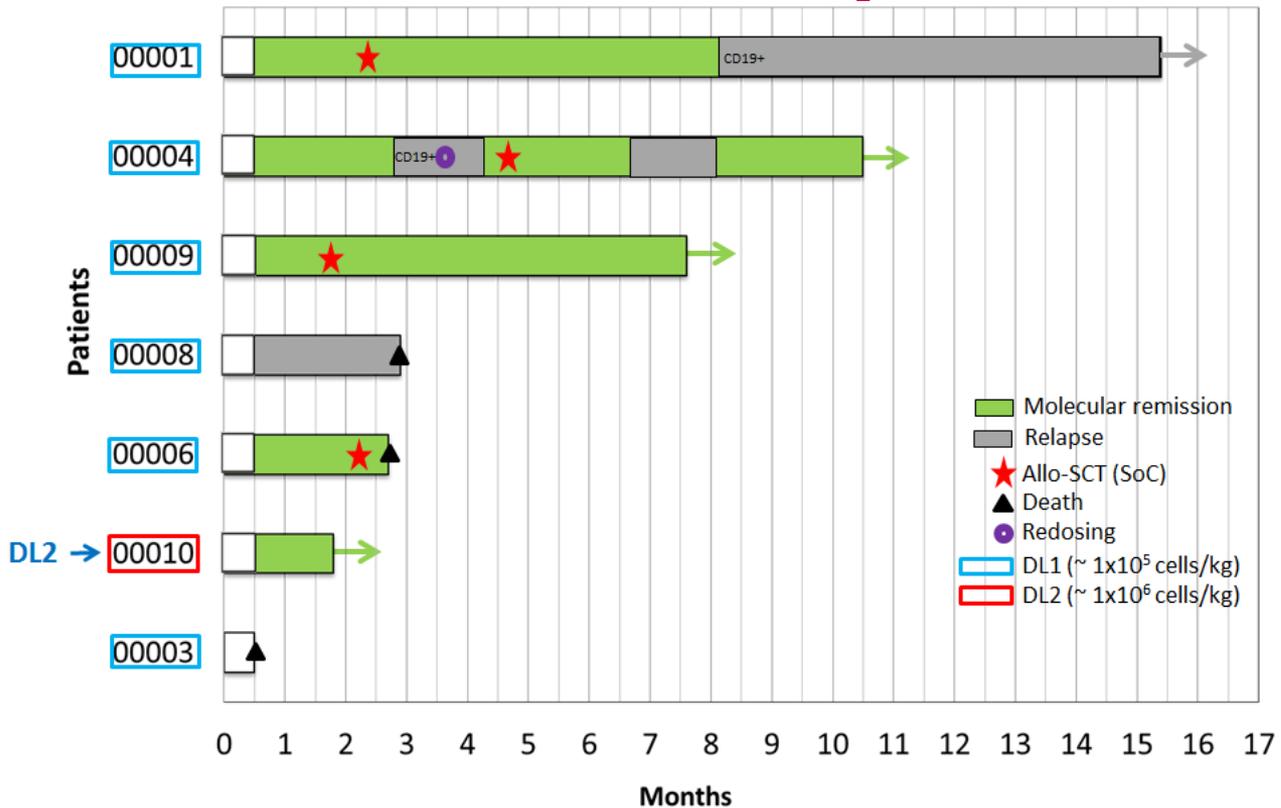
1 DLT: death at D15 from Grade 5 neutropenic sepsis following Grade 4 CRS at D7 (dose level 1)

Cytokine release syndrome (CRS)

	N= 7
Time to onset (median and range in days)	8 (5-12)
Duration (median and range in days)	5 (2-9)
Cytokine elevation (IL-6, IFN-γ, IL-10)	7*
Specific treatment	4/7
Tocilizumab	4/4
Corticosteroids	2/4
Vasopressors	1/4
Outcome – Number making full recovery	6

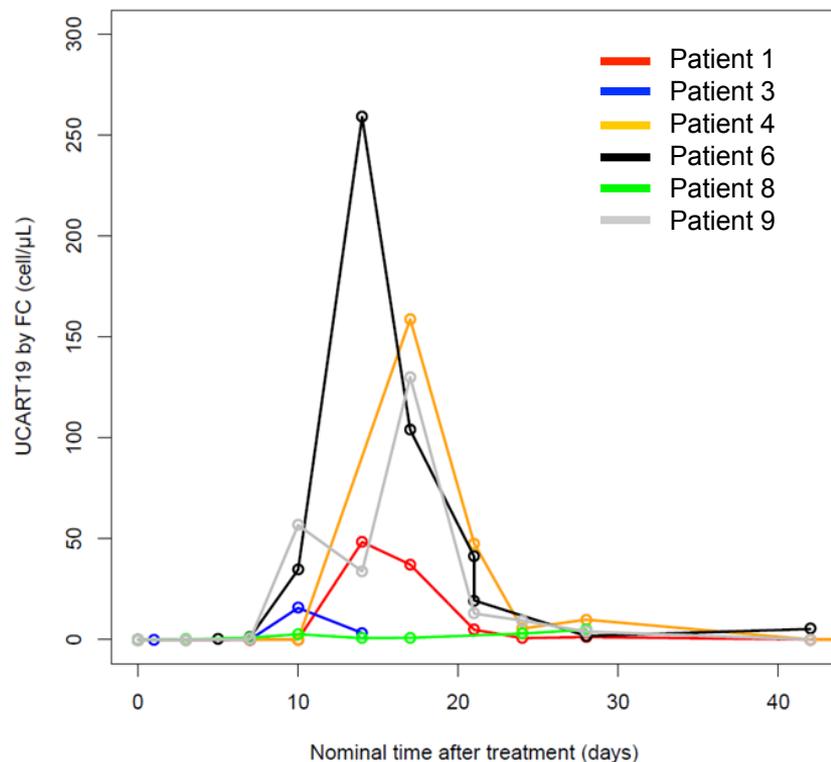
*Fold increase from D0 between 1.4 and 403

Anti-leukemic activity

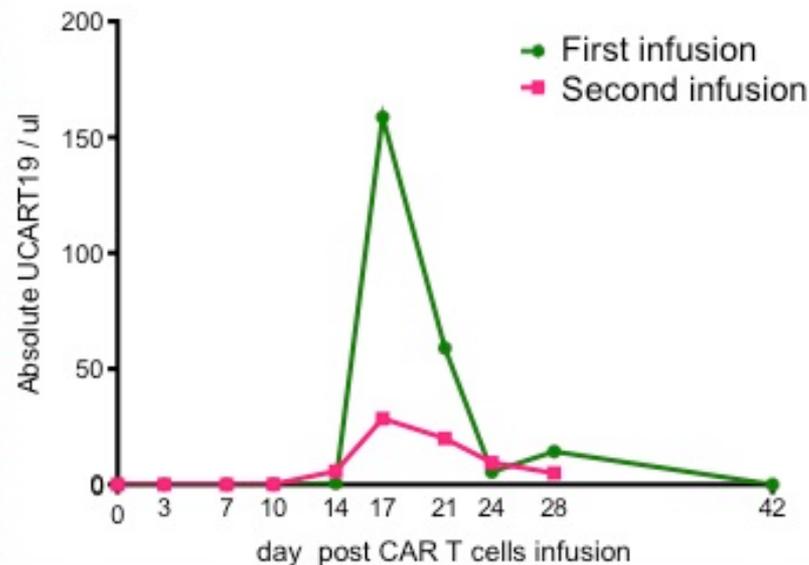


- Molecular remission in 5/7 patients
- 4 patients alive at 15.4, 10.5, 7.6 and 1.8 months after UCART19 infusion
- 3 deaths: 1 DLT at D15, 1 PD, 1 transplant related infection

UCART19 levels at DL1 (~ 1 x 10⁵ cells/kg)



Redosed patient 4 (same dose)



Conclusion

- First allogeneic, off-the-shelf, CAR T-cell therapy in high risk, heavily pretreated, R/R adult B-ALL
- 1 DLT at dose level 1 (grade 4 CRS complicated by infection)
- Other mild/manageable expected toxicities: 1 G1 acute skin GvHD, 6 G1-2 CRS, 3 G2 viral reactivations, 2 G1 neurotoxic events
- Molecular remission in 5/7 patients
- UCART19 expansion in blood seen in all patients
- Redosing resulted in successful expansion and efficacy
- Promising results at dose level 1 ($\sim 1 \times 10^5$ cells/kg)

Acknowledgements

- Patients participating in this early-phase trial and their families
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CALM Trial investigators: Nitin Jain, Noelle Frey, Marcela Maus, Mohamad Mohty, Nicolas Boissel, Adrian Bloor