

COMMITMENT TO A CURE



This presentation contains "forward-looking" statements that are based on our management's current expectations and assumptions and on information currently available to management.

Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements.

The risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to the risk that the preliminary results from our product candidates will not continue or be repeated, the risk that our clinical trials will not be successful. The risk of not obtaining regulatory approval to commence clinical trials on additional UCART product candidates, the risk that any one or more of our product candidates will not be successfully developed and commercialized.

Further information on the risk factors that may affect company business and financial performance, is included in our annual report on form 20-F and the financial report (including the management report) for the year ended December 31, 2019 and subsequent filings Cellectis makes with the Securities and Exchange Commission from time to time.

Except as required by law, we assume no obligation to update these forward-looking statements publicly, or to update the reasons actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in the forward-looking statements, even if new information becomes available in the future.

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WRITING THE HISTORY OF ALLOGENEIC CAR T-CELLS

20 years of expertise in

gene editing

8 years

of experience in allogeneic
CAR-T manufacturing

6 clinical trials

ongoing as of 2020;

3 Cellectis-sponsored

3 partnered

INVENTORS / PIONEERS OF GENE EDITING & ALLOGENEIC CAR T-CELLS



In 2012 . .

Mission to develop allogeneic CAR T-cells begins

In 2015..

 First-in-man compassionate use of an allogeneic CAR-T product candidate occurs



ADVANTAGES OF ALLOGENEIC VS. AUTOLOGOUS CAR-T





PARTNERSHIPS WITH INDUSTRY LEADERS

		Up to \$3.2B in potential milestone payments plus royalties							
		Partner	License	Geography	Most Advanced Targets	Status	Economics to Cellectis		
	-		Exclusive license to CD19- directed allogeneic CAR T-Cells Sublicensed by Servier to	Ex-US	UCART19 (Anti-CD19) ALLO-501	Ph1	Up To \$410M In Development & Sales Milestones		
			CD19-directed allogeneic CAR T-Cells	US	ALLO-501A (Anti-CD19)	Ph1	Royalties on Sales		
ce lectis			Exclusive license to 15 allogeneic CAR T-Cell targets	Global	ALLO-715 (Anti-BCMA)	Ph1	Up To \$2.8B In Development &		
EDITING LIFE					ALLO-316 (Anti-CD70)	Pre-IND	+ High Single-Digit Royalties on Sales		
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		BIOTHERAPEUTICS	Exclusive license agreement to use specific TALEN [®] technology to develop gene-edited TILs	Global	Undisclosed	Pre-IND	Undisclosed Development & Sales Milestones + Royalties on Sales		

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PIPELINE: INNOVATIVE CANCER THERAPIES FOR UNMET NEEDS

Product	Disease	Study	Phase 1 Dose Escalation	Phase 1 Dose Expansion	Pivotal Phase
UCART123	ACUTE MYELOID LEUKEMIA	AMELI-01			
UCART22	acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia	BALLI-01			
UCARTCS1	MULTIPLE MYELOMA	MELANI-01	ON CLINICAL HOLD		
UCART19 ³	acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia	CALM/PALL			
ALLO-501A ³	NON-HODGKIN'S LYMPHOMA ¹	ALPHA		,	
ALLO-715 ⁴	MULTIPLE MYELOMA	UNIVERSAL		•	

Cellectis and its partners are also working on a number of other preclinical targets



The ALPHA study targets Diffuse Large B-Cell Lymphoma (DLBCL) and Follicular Lymphoma (FL) indications, which are subtypes of NHL
We expect the pivotal phase to be the last clinical phase before commercialization
UCART19/ALLO-501 is exclusively licensed to Servier and under a joint clinical development program between Servier and Allogene
BCMA is a licensed target from Cellectis. ALLO-715 utilizes TALEN[®] gene-editing technology pioneered and owned by Cellectis. Allogene has an exclusive license to the Cellectis technology for allogeneic products directed at the BCMA target. Allogene holds global development and commercial rights for this investigational candidate.

CLINICAL TRIAL: DESIGN OF PHASE 1 DOSE ESCALATION STUDIES

Primary Objectives:

Safety and Identification of Optimal Dose

Secondary Objectives:

Efficacy and Correlative Studies





ALLO-501*: CELLECTIS LICENSED ALLOGENEIC CAR-T

PHASE 1 dose escalation in R/R Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma



— Safety – Primary Objective

- Graft vs Host Disease
- 0% ICANS (Immune Effector Cell-Associated Neurotoxicity Syndrome)
- 5% Grade 3 Cytokine Release Syndrome
- **9%** Grade 3 Infection
 - Grade 3 Infusion Reaction

- Efficacy Secondary Objective
- **63%** Overall Response Rate
 - 37% Complete Response Rate
- 75% ORR in CAR-T naïve patients (N=16)
 - **44%** Complete Response Rate
- R R R R R

Re-dosing one patient with ALLO-501 and ALLO-647 resulted in an ongoing CR

The ALPHA trial utilizes ALLO-647, Allogene's anti-CD52 monoclonal antibody as a part of its lymphodepletion regimen



Data Source: ASCO 2020 Conference Presentation

The ALPHA study targets Diffuse Large B-Cell Lymphoma (DLBCL) and Follicular Lymphoma (FL) indications, which are subtypes of NHL.

* Cellectis granted to Servier an expanded exclusive worldwide license to develop and commercialize all next generation gene-edited allogeneic CAR T-cell products targeting CD19, including rights to ALLO-501. ALLO-501 is under a joint clinical development program between Servier and Allogene is the sponsor of the ALLO-501 ALPHA study

UCART22: Initial Anti-Leukemic Activity in BALLI-01 Phase 1 in R/R B-ALL

PHASE 1 dose escalation in R/R Adult B-Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia



Efficacy – Secondary Objective

Preliminary data from **5** patients who received DL1 or DL2 UCART22 cells after FC lymphodepletion regimen

Median prior lines of therapy= 3

Median bone marrow blasts= 35% prior to lymphodepletion

- Safety – Primary Objective



Patients reported DLT, GvHD, AESI, ICANS, or Treatment related SAE¹

2/3 Patients at DL1 achieved objective response, one CR & one CR². The patient with CR transitioned to allotransplant after bridging therapy.

Patient at DL2 achieved bone marrow blast reduction (60% screening to 13% Day 28)

Enrollment into DL2 cohorts with FCA lymphodepletion regimen is ongoing



Data Source: Abstract selected for oral presentation at ASH 2020 Virtual Annual Meeting

¹ DLT: Dose Limiting Toxicity; GvHD: Graft versus Host Disease; AESI: adverse event of special interest; ICANS: immune effector cell-associated neurotoxicity syndrome; SAE: Serious Adverse Event

² CR: Complete Remission; CRi: Complete Remission with incomplete hematologic recovery

UCART22 IN ACUTE LYMPHOBLASTIC LEUKEMIA

ALL Incidence Rates & Survival Data 6.150 20% <6 Estimated new cases of ALL in 5-year OS in adults Months median disease-free survival the US for 2020 in R/R pediatric patients **CD22 Expression in B-cells Treatment potential for CD19-negative patients** Flow cytometric analysis of B-cell differentiation CD23 Relapses following CD19-directed CAR T-cell Pre-CAR therapy can show loss of CD19 antigen but persistent expression of CD22 \rightarrow CD19 60 Anti-CD22 CAR T-cells can induce remissions in Post-CAR A/B 1a 1b **CD19 negative B-cells** Precursor-B-cell subpopulations CD22 is expressed in >95% B-ALL cells **CD19**





Cellectis Trial Recruitment Sites





UCART123 IN ACUTE MYELOID LEUKEMIA

AML Incidence Rates & Survival Data 19.940 27% 6% 5-year OS in adults >55 years old Estimated new cases of AML in the US for 2020 5-year OS in adults **High CD123 expression on malignant cells** Limited CD123 expression on healthy cells CD123 is expressed >90% on malignant cells in AML >90% AML Total bone marrow cells ~ 7% CD123 positive · ~ 7% ∶ Normal Only ~ 1% expresses the antigen at high levels

Also expressed on BPDCN and Hodgkin's lymphoma



UCARTCS1 IN MULTIPLE MYELOMA













UCARTs – ALLOGENEIC CAR T-CELLS THROUGH PRECISION GENE EDITING





TALEN® GENE EDITING – ADVANTAGES

TALEN[®]:

Driven by protein/DNA interactions to work on potential offsite cleavage

Releases DNA ends accessible to DNA repair mechanisms to perform gene insertions and corrections through homologous recombination and gene inactivation through non-homologous end joining

Over 20 years of building a strong patent portfolio with umbrella patents on gene editing

Our nucleases act like DNA scissors to edit genes at precise target sites:





Efficiency

UCART MANUFACTURING



- → 8 years of experience in allogeneic CAR-T manufacturing
- → Validated gene editing technology for cell manufacturing
- 4 UCART product candidates manufactured so far
- → Full QC system in place
- → 3 wholly controlled product candidates cleared for 3 clinical trials by the U.S. FDA

IN-HOUSE MANUFACTURING



Clinical & Commercial UCART Product Candidates



14,000 sq ft. facility

Production of clinical starting materials

Operational "go-live" targeted in 2020

82,000 sq ft. facility

Production of clinical & commercial UCART product candidates

Operational "go-live" targeted in 2021

P16



THE CELLECTIS GROUP





MILESTONES

Proprietary clinical programs

UCARTCS1: Phase 1 R/R MM - currently on clinical hold; first patient dosed in Q4 2019

UCART22: Phase 1 in R/R ALL ongoing; first patient dosed in Q4 2019

UCART123: Phase 1 for R/R AML ongoing; New IND granted by FDA in Q3 2019 - Partnered clinical programs

UCART19¹: Phase 1 in R/R ALL near completion

ALLO-501/ALLO-501A¹: Phase 1 in R/R NHL ongoing, data presented at ASCO 2020; first patient dosed in H1 2019

ALLO-715²: Phase 1 in R/R MM ongoing, first patient dosed in H2 2019

Manufacturing

2 in-house GMP manufacturing plants:

Construction completed for Facility in Paris, France for raw material supply

Facility in Raleigh, North Carolina on Track for GMP, commercial scale UCART manufacturing

EXPECTED MILESTONES IN 2020

Clinical programs

Initial data for BALLI-01 clinical trial evaluating UCART22 in R/R B-ALL to be presented at ASH 2020

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Go-live with Paris facility

Construction complete for Raleigh facility



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THANK YOU

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