

ENGINEERED CAR-T THERAPIES

A NEW PARADIGM IN ONCOLOGY

FEBRUARY 2017

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS



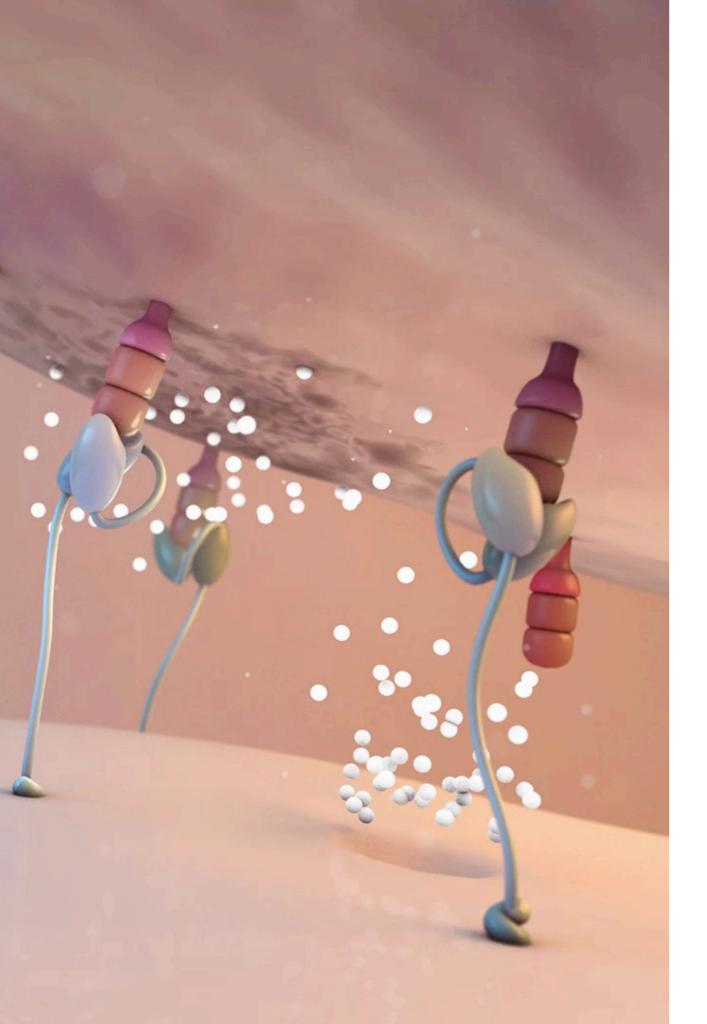
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GENE EDITED ALLOGENEIC UCARTS

Entering clinical development

Entering Clinical Development

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Tumor cell

UCART123 in AML & BPDCN

UCART123 product candidate is ready to enter clinical trials

- ✓ NIH Recombinant DNA Advisory Committee (RAC) unanimously approved proposed clinical trial protocols
- ✓ IND has been filed in December 2016
- ✓ FDA gave the green light for both Phase I studies early February 2017
 - AML Phase 1 trial at Weill-Cornell

PI: Pr. Gail Roboz, *Professor Of Medicine and Director Of Clinical and Translational Leukemia program at Weill Cornell Medical College, New York Presbyterian Hospital*

BPDCN Phase 1 trial at MD Anderson

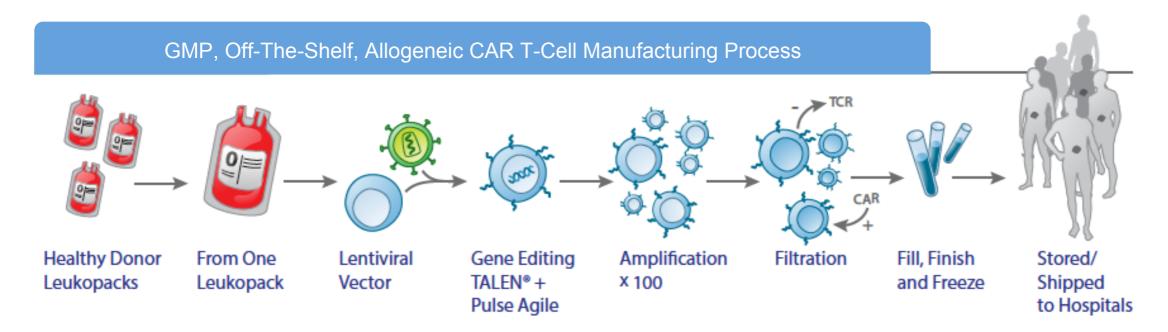
PI: Dr. Naveen Pemmaraju, Assistant Professor, Department of Leukemia, Division of Cancer Medicine, The University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center

Entering Clinical Development

A Rolling GMP Manufacturing Process



- ✓ Succeeded in producing UCART19 in Q4 2015
- ✓ Succeeded in producing UCART123 in Q4 2016
- ✓ Initiated technology transfer for UCARTCS1 in Q4 2016



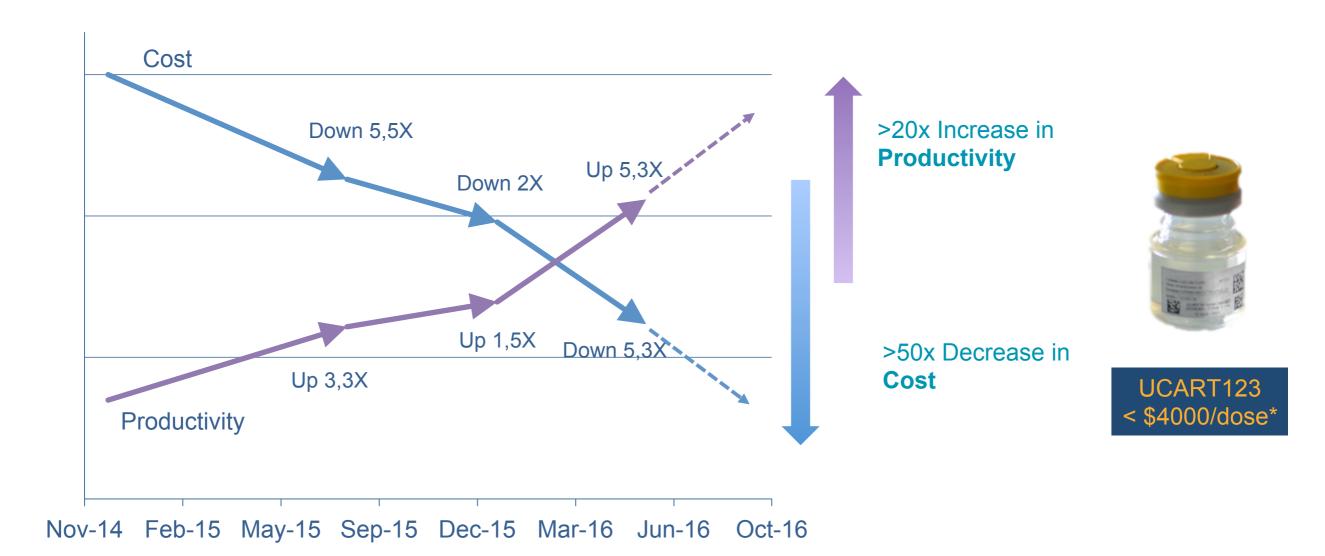
>100's of frozen doses per manufacturing campaign Vials are frozen, shipped and stored



Entering Clinical Development Increasing Yields, Decreasing CoGs



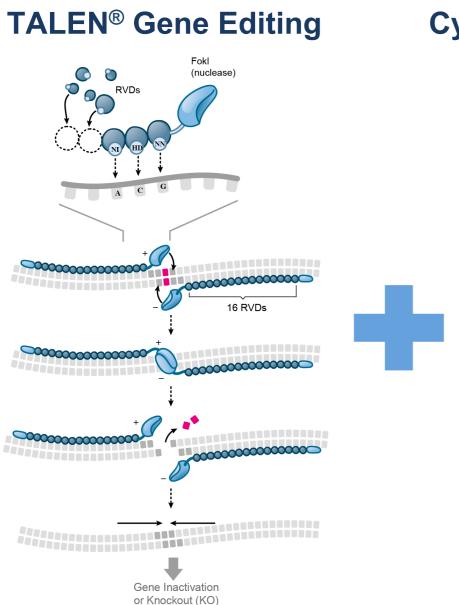
- Worldwide, immediate access to patients
- CoGs already decreased by a factor of 5x



Entering Clinical Development

An integrated Gene Edited Cell Therapy Platform





CytoPulse Electroporation

High Cell Transduction High Gene Editing Rate High Cell Survival



TRAC & CD52 TALEN® mRNA

High Yield & Quality Cell Therapy products







Licensed from UMN in 2011

Asset acquired in 2010

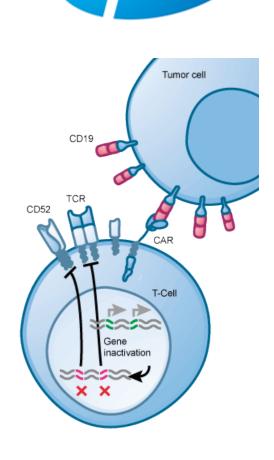
Entering Clinical Development UCART19 as Proof of Concept



 Servier acquired exclusive rights to UCART19 from Cellectis (November 2015)



- Joint clinical development program between Servier and Pfizer
- Servier has granted Pfizer exclusive rights to develop and commercialize UCART19 in the US
- Servier retains exclusive rights for UCART 19 for Ex-US
- Phase 1 Pediatric ALL (PALL)
 - Started June 2016 at University College London (UCL), UK
- Phase 1 Adult ALL (CALM)
 - Started July 2016 at King's College London (KCL), UK
 - Pre-IND meeting in October 2016 for expansion into the US
 - RAC meeting in December 2016



Entering Clinical Development UCART19* Preliminary Data



In Relapsed/Refractory ALL Patients

Data Presented at the RAC meeting on December the 14th 2016

Study	Age	Relevant Non-Hematologic AE	Status		
	11 months**	• Grade 2 Skin GvHD	Alive, MRD-, 18+ Months		
Compassionate Use	16 months***	• Grade 1 Suspected Skin GvHD	Alive, MRD-, 12+ Months		
	44 years	•Grade 1 CRS	Died, Progressive Disease		
PALL Study (pediatric ALL patients)	4.8 years	Grade 3 CRSGrade 1 Suspected Skin GvHDGrade 1 Neurological	Alive, 6+ Months, Relapsed		
	2.7 years	•Grade 2 CRS •Grade 1 Neurological	Alive, MRD-, 4+ Months		
CALM Study	42 years	• Grade 2 CRS	Alive, MRD-, 4+ Months		
(adult ALL patients)	18 years	• Grade 4 CRS	Died, Cause Under Investigation		

^{*} Exclusively licensed to Servier

^{**} Qasim W et al., ASH 2015

^{***}Qasim W et al., ASGCT 2016





Our lead product candidate in AML & BPDCN

CD123 (IL-3R α), a High-Value Target



Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML)

- > Phase 1 dose escalation at Weill-Cornell; IND cleared 2/2017
- 19,950 new cases of AML in the US in 2016 were diagnosed with 10,430 deaths
- Five-year survival 15-70%; relapse rate 33-78%, depending on age and subtype
- No major advances in the treatment of AML in 30 years
- Trial in the setting of relapsed/refractory AML and 1st line high risk AML
- Orphan Drug Designation potential

Blastic Plasmacytoid Dendritic Cell Neoplasm (BPDCN)

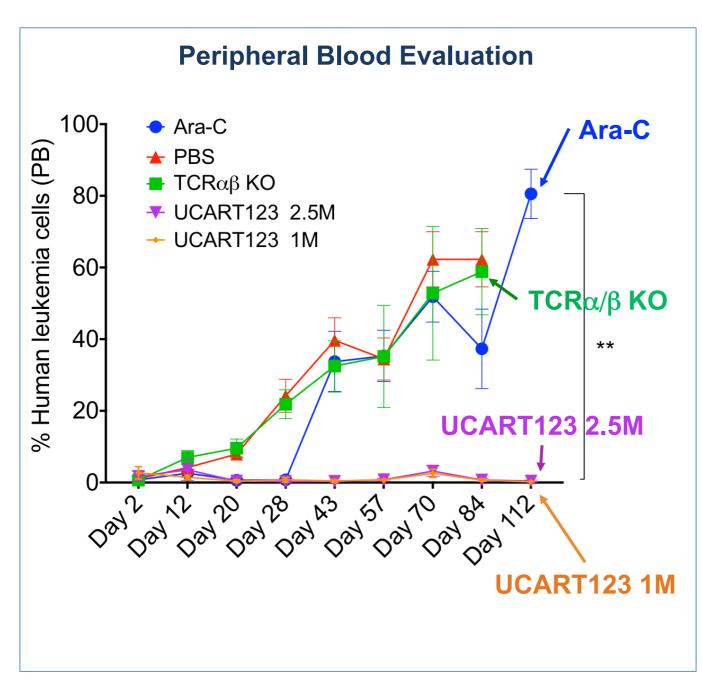
- Phase 1 dose escalation at MD Anderson; IND cleared 2/2017
- Rare disease involving bone marrow, skin, lymph nodes with no standard of care
- In the US, a few hundred cases are diagnosed per year
- Classified under Myeloid Neoplasms and Acute Leukemia (WHO classification 2016)
- Orphan Drug Designation potential

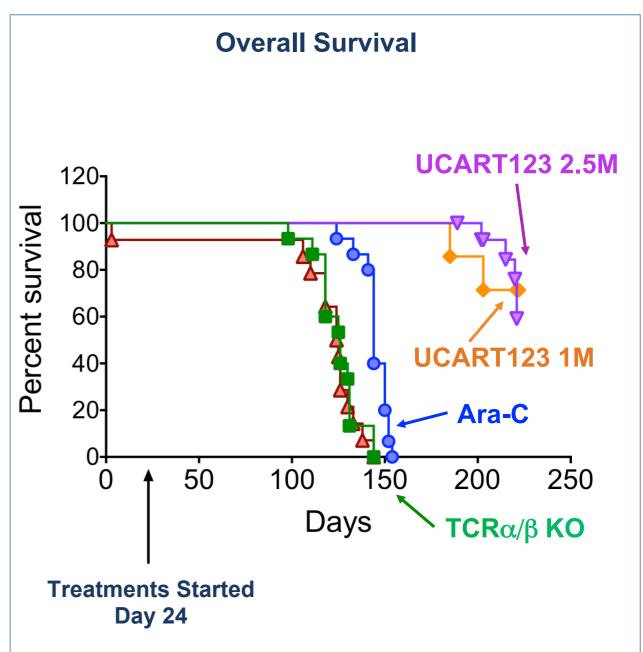
Encouraging Preclinical Efficacy Data





UCART123 significantly decreases tumor burden and improves survival



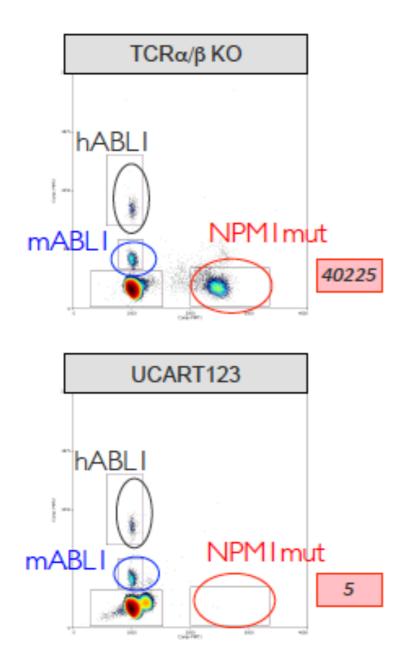


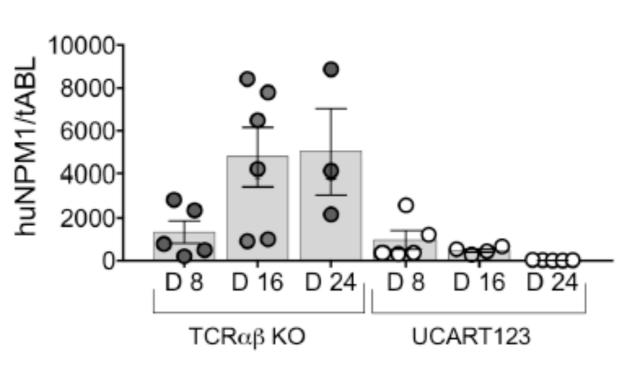
Encouraging Preclinical Efficacy Data





Animals treated with UCART123 achieve molecular remission

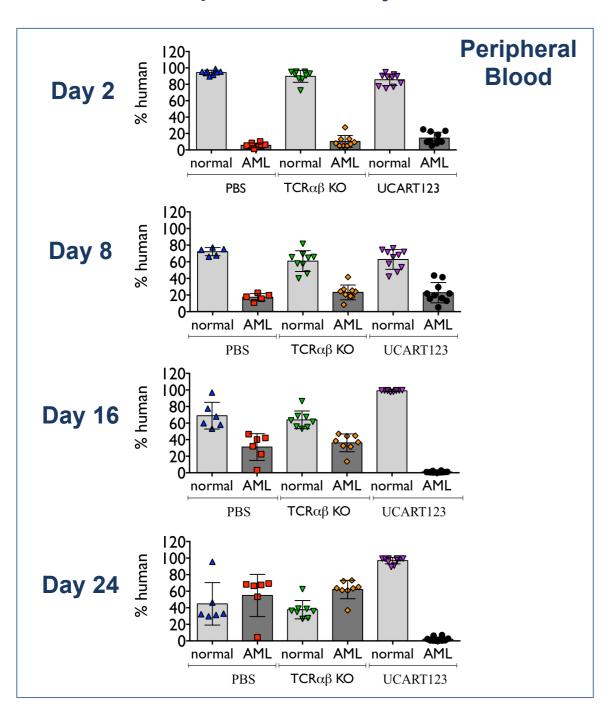


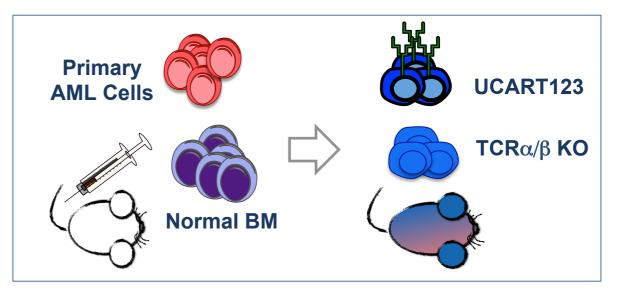


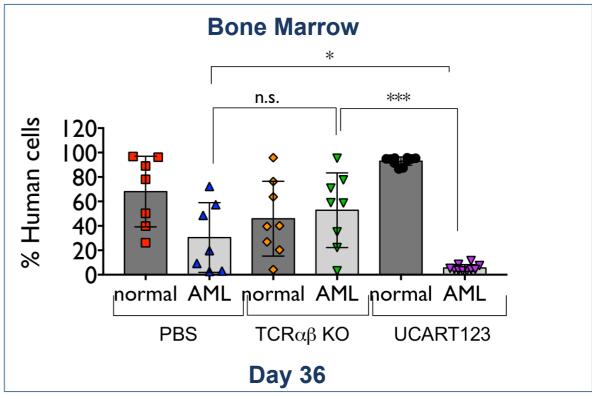
Safety



UCART123 preferentially eliminates AML cells over normal hematopoietic cells



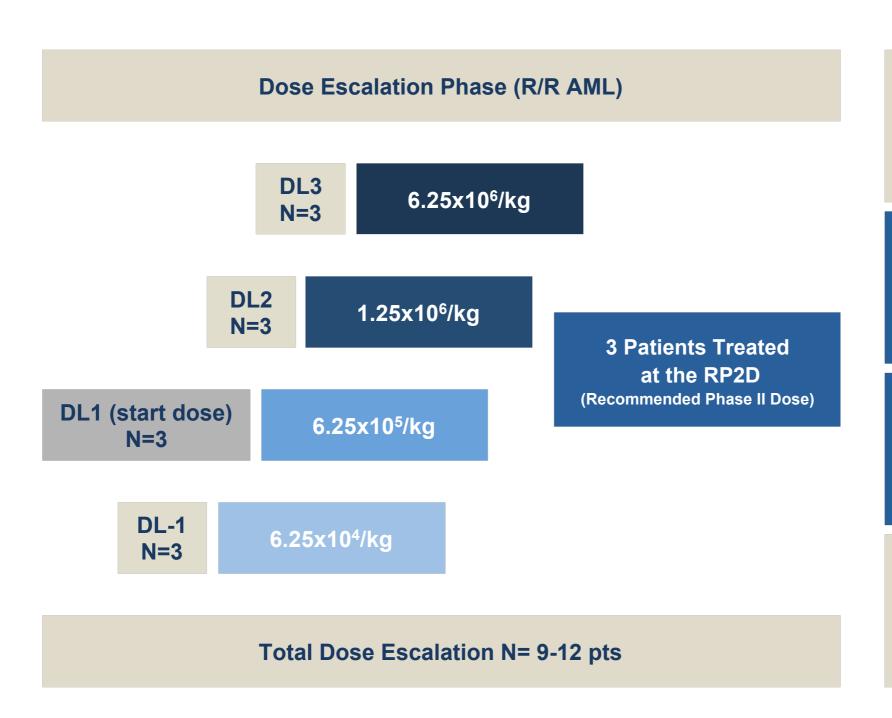




Study Design for AML







Expansion Phase

RR AML N=18-37

Untreated AML ELN Adverse Genetic Group N=46-107

Total Phase I Expansion N=64-144

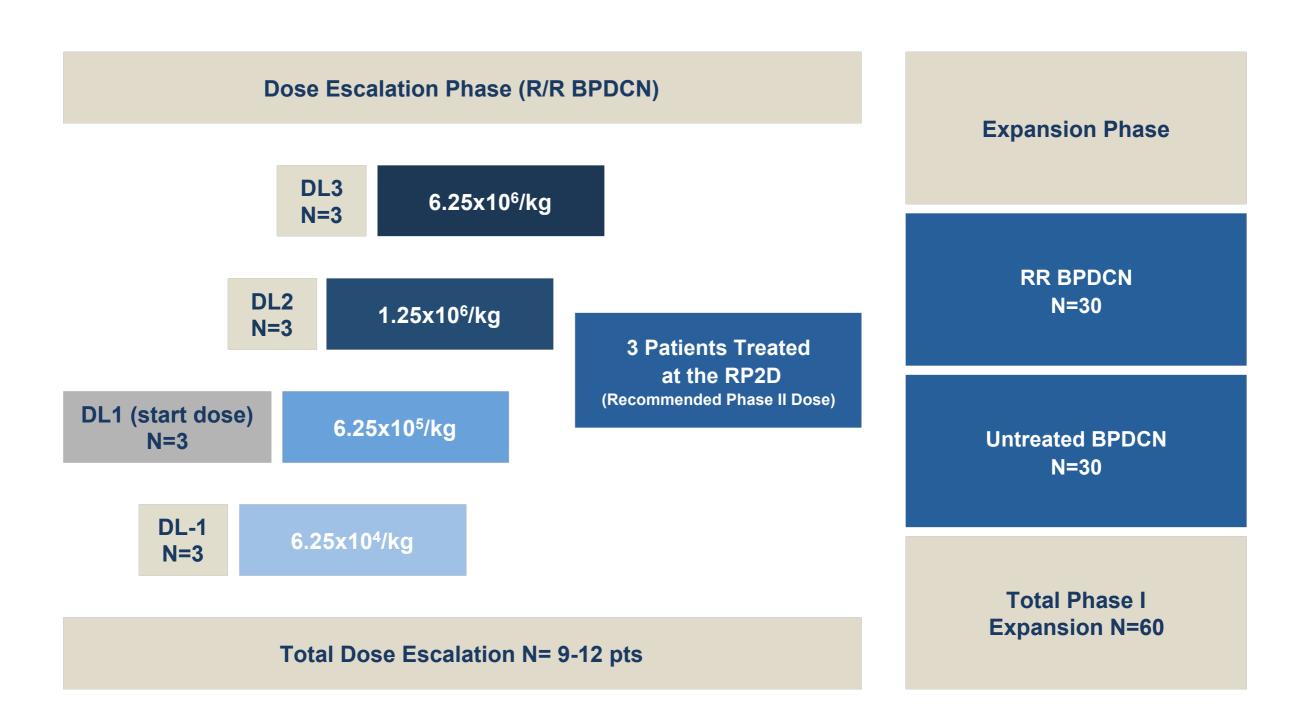
In collaboration with Cornell-Weill

Study Design for BPDCN





Making Cancer History®



In collaboration with MD Anderson 16

Development plan



Preclinical Proof of Concept UCART123

In vitro and in vivo development finalized

completed November 2016



Manufacturing UCART123

High yield, high potency cGMP batches

achieved November 2016



NIH RAC meeting

Unanimous positive recommendation by the RAC

held December 2016



IND for both indications

AML Cornell-Weill

BPDCN MD Anderson

cleared February 2017



Phase 1

First patient enrollment

expected Q2 2017

Potential clinical developments

- CD19 negative Relapse Acute Lymphoid Leukemia (B-ALL)
- Myelodysplastic Syndromes (MDS)
- Chronic Myeloid Leukemia (CML)
- Hodgkin's Lymphoma (HL)
- Hairy Cell Leukemia (HCL)
- Systemic Mastocytosis

Expanding Tumor Target Space

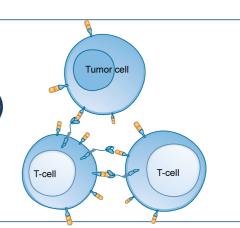


Taking Gene-Edited CARTs one step ahead

Targets expressed on T-Cells Surface

Gene must be KO from T-Cells to prevent cross T-Cell reaction (self killing)

- CS-1 : Mab PoC ⇒ Elotuzumab
- CD38: Mab PoC Daratumumab



Targets expressed on vital tissues

Long term persistence can lead the non reconstitution of tissue

 CD123 is expressed on bone marrow stem cells, a long term persistence of anti-CD123 CART could be toxic and lead to durable aplasia

New CART dosing after relapse with an initial CART treatment

Alternate CART treatment could be used as a salvage therapy

Relapsing CD19 negative patient could potentially be treated with UCART22

UCART Pipeline

Addressing a large tumor spectrum



Program	Indication	Product development	Preclinical	Manufactu- ring	IND Filling*	Phase I	Phase II
UCART19**	ALL (PALL)						
	ALL (CALM)						
	AML						
UCART123	BPDCN						
	CML						
	HL						
	HCL						
	MDS						
				_			
UCARTCS1	MULTIPLE MYELOMA						
UCART22	B-ALL						
	B-NHL						
	B-CLL						
UCART38	MULTIPLE MYELOMA						
	T-CELL ALL						
	NHL						
	MCL						

^{*} or European equivalent

^{**} Joint clinical development program between Servier and Pfizer

Strategic Partners





- Collaboration on 15 targets: 1st allogeneic BCMA CART
- 4 years exclusivity on CARTs in human oncology
- \$2.8B in total aggregated milestones
- Tiered Royalties on net sales



- Collaboration on 5 targets including UCART19
- UCART19 pediatric and adult trials ongoing in the UK
- \$974M in aggregate total milestones
- Tiered Royalties on net sales

World Class Clinical Centers





- Development of UCART123 for AML
- New York-Presbyterian Hospital was ranked in 2016 as New York's No. 1 hospital for the 16th year in a row, and No. 6 ranked hospital in the United States.



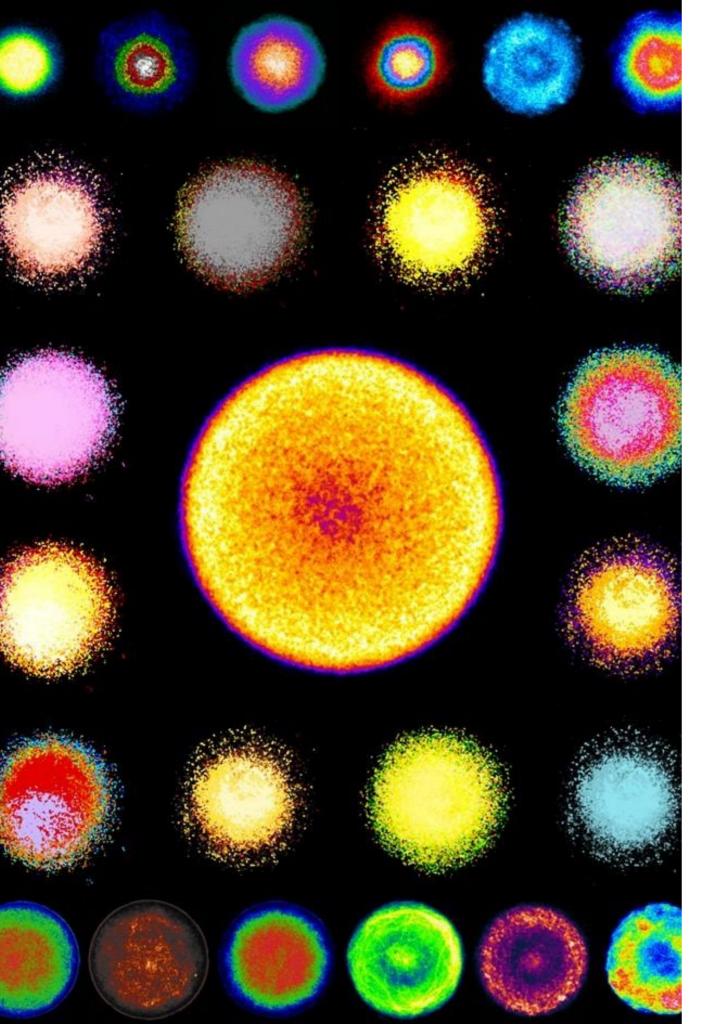
- Development of UCARTCS1 for Multiple Myeloma, UCART22 for ALL, UCART38 in for T-Cell ALL and UCART123 for BPDCN
- MD Anderson is ranked the No. 1 hospital for cancer care in the nation by U.S. News & World Report's "Best Hospitals" survey



- Phase 1 clinical trial of Servier UCART19 in pediatric patients
- Great Ormond Street Hospital, London is ranked among the best hospitals in the UK and top ranking in the world



- Phase 1 clinical trial of Servier UCART19 in adult patients
- King's is one of the world's most prestigious research universities, ranked 21st in the world in 2016/17





THE PRODUCT CHALLENGE

From process to products

The Power of Off-the-Shelf CARTs



Why choosing allogeneic CAR T-Cell products?

Potential to:

- 1. Immediately available to the patient
- 2. Patients do not have to provide raw materials
- 3. Ease of use for physicians
- 4. If lost, vial can be replaced by a new one
- 5. Shipped Worldwide, ahead of time
- 6. Competitive CoGs and logistics costs
- 7. No compromise on performance
- 8. Can be dosed and re-dosed



Allogeneic CARTs:
Potential to become frozen pharmaceuticals

The Power of Off-the-Shelf CARTs



Why choosing allogeneic CAR T-Cell products?

Cellectis' chartered course

- Early in CAR-T competition (back in 2011)
- Autologous therapies are not our primary strategy
- 1st injection in patients in 2015
- Questions at the time:
 - Early rejection?
 - Persistence?
 - Underperformance?
 - GvHD?
- TALEN® is setting a precedent for gene editing for patients

Today we lead the way in Allogeneic CARTs





DISRUPTIVE INNOVATION

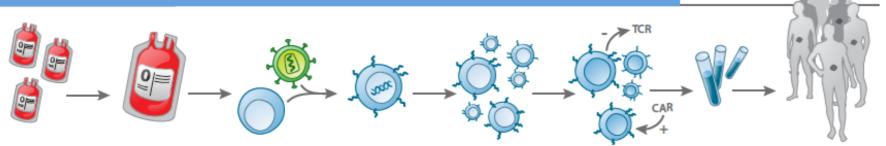
How Cellectis is shaping Cell Therapies with Breakthrough Innovations

Disruptive Innovation

Patient-Oriented Therapeutic Proposal





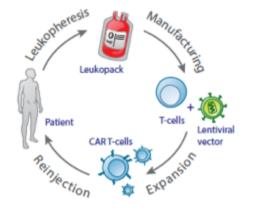


One Leukopack can yield 100s of doses

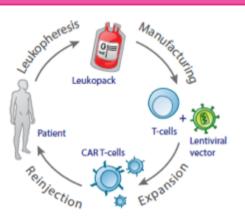


Product vs.
Service

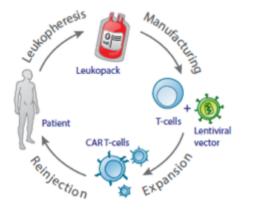




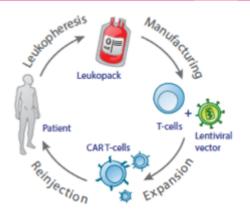
1 PROCEDURE
BENEFITS
1 PATIENT



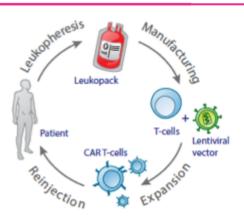
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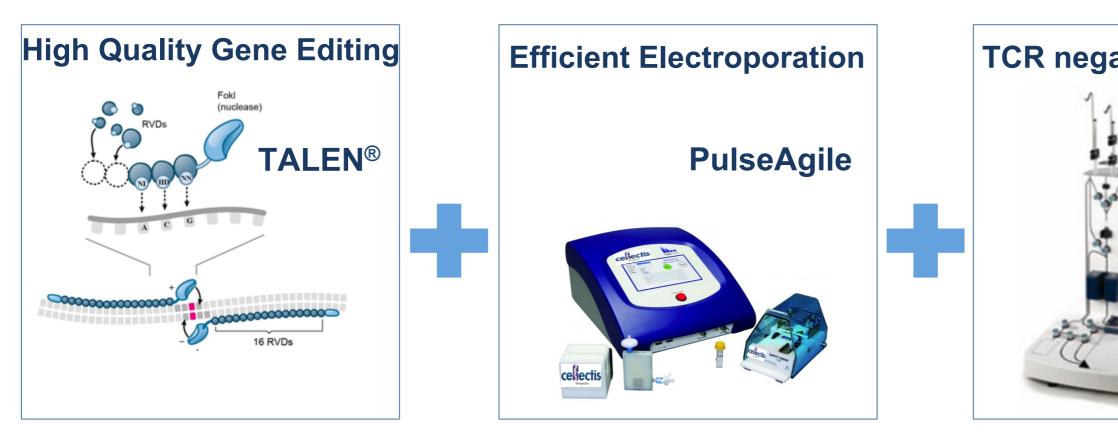


1 PROCEDURE
BENEFITS
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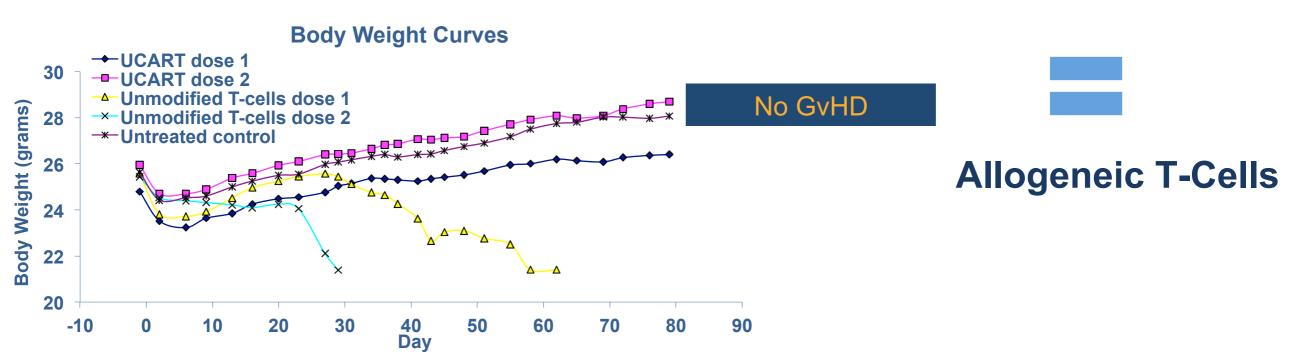
Disruptive innovation

Three technological pillars for manufacturing allo-CART









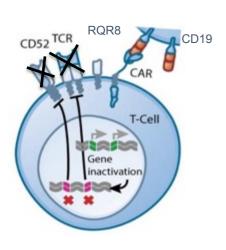
Disruptive innovation

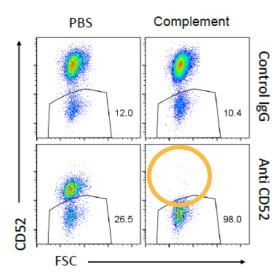
Building more powerful T-Cells



Mab-resistance

 CD52 KO for Alemtuzumab resistance



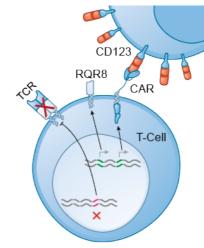


CD52-negative T-Cells are resistant to Campath

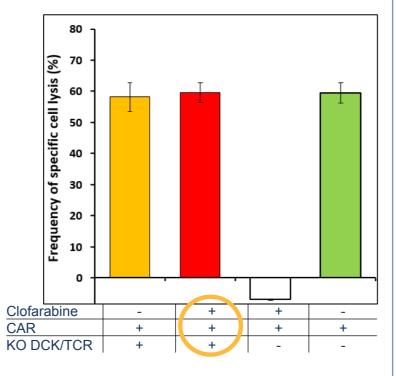
Poirot L et al. (2015) Cancer Res.

Chemo-resistance

dCK KO for Fludarabine,
 Clofarabine resistance

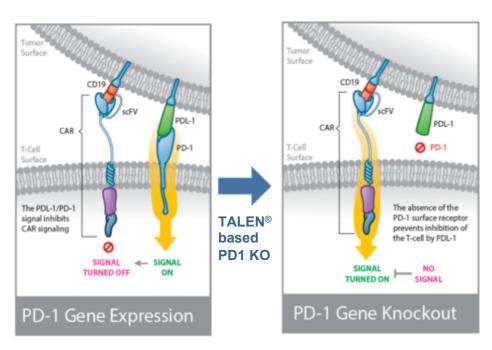


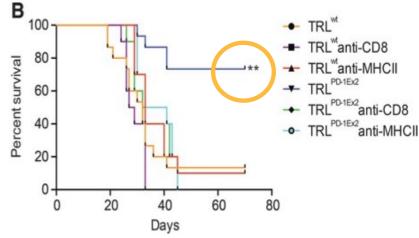
dCK-negative T-Cells are resistant to Clofarabine



PDL1-resistance

 PD1 KO to be insensitive to PDL1 inhibition





PD1-negative T-Cells have a higher efficacy on PDL1 tumor Menger L et al. (2016) Cancer Res.





TAKING THE LEAD

High performance gene editing technologies

Cellectis expectations in 2017

A Snapshot at CLLS

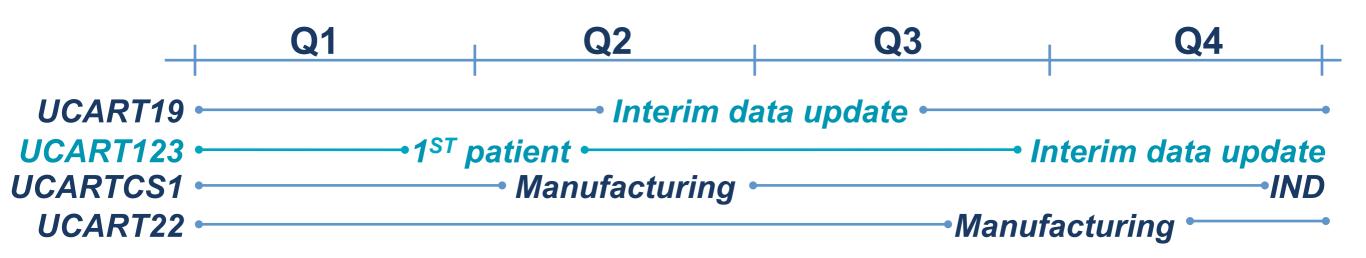


- UCART19 clinical trials ongoing
- UCART123 clinical trials to start Q2 2017
- UCARTCS1 manufacturing in Q2 and IND filing end of 2017
- UCART22, UCART38, UCARTCLL1 will follow
- Then potentially solid tumors
- Strong partnerships with Servier and Pfizer
- Exclusivity with Pfizer ends June 2018
- \$295M in cash at end of Q3-2016; Cash runway into 2019 for the Cellectis Group, including Calyxt

Cellectis expectations in 2017

What to watch?





- 1. UCART123 clinical trial
- 2. More data on UCART19
- 3. Pfizer's INDs
- 4. Manufacturing of UCARTCS1
- 5. UCARTCS1 IND filing by end of 2017
- 6. Development of UCART22 and UCART38
- 7. New indications with Gene Editing
- 8. More disruptive innovations

The Cellectis Group





- IMMUNO-ONCOLOGY / CAR T
- THERAPEUTIC GENE EDITING
- GENE THERAPY
- \$295M IN CASH END Q3-2016

NASDAQ: #CLLS

ALTERNEXT: #ALCLS

35.3M OUTSTANDING SHARES

100% owned



- BASED IN MINNESOTA
- INNOVATIVE CROPS
- CONSUMER FOCUS
- NON-REGULATED PRODUCTS
- HIGH VALUE ASSET

GENE EDITING IS THE LINK

